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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
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In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

The Gentle Ghost of Joy.

A little while ago you knew not I was I—
A little while ago I knew not you were you—
Now the swift hours have run by
And all the world is new.

I hear the young birds sing
In the rosy light of morn;
Like them I could take wing,
And sing as newly born.

A little while from now I shall be far away—
A little while from now your face I shall not see—
But within my heart a ray
To light the dark will be.

Do you not know that pain
So sad, so sweet, so coy,
That comes, and comes again,
The gentle ghost of Joy?

Ah, that shall dwell with me,
When your face I do not see!

—[Louise Chandler Moulton, in Independent.

FOR HETTY'S SAKE.

There be more heroes in this world, according to my way of thinking than ever get talked on in the newspapers, or have the Victoria cross presented to them, or have books written about them after they are dead and gone.

All the same, I've never been able to make up my mind as to whether one man I've known was a hero or not. Maybe I'm a heavy kind o' chap, and things don't strike me so clear as they do others; but if I tell you the story just as it happened, you can put what reading you like on it.

I'm a miner down Staffordshire way, have been a miner all my life, and reckon I'm likely to stick to the pick till some explosion comes along and makes an end of me.

I worked with a gang in the Nine Pits colliery about fifteen years back, and there was one man there who hailed from South Wales as I got pretty friendly with.

I've called him a "man," but I don't know if the title comes right. He was more like a stunted boy than a man, and more like some queer animal than either. He was a dwarf. He had a monstrous large head and shoulders, and pair of little, bowed, twisty legs no bigger than a child's of nine years old.

His backed was crooked; he had a lot of hair on his face, as those Welshmen have, and his eyes had a look in them as I never get to the bottom of—they were deep set in his head, as black and as bright as a bit of silkstone; and sometimes there would come a cloud into them and dull them, and he would stare out before him as though he were tranced; it was a sad look, too, as well as dull, and I never could make out what he was thinking of then.

You might think that, being so misshapen and little, he wasn't much good in a coal mine; but I can tell you there wasn't a man of six feet among us stronger than he was. To have seen him swing his pick would have made you hold your breath; he went at the work like steam, and he could walk, you see, down some of the narrow, low galleries where chaps like me would have to crawl.

I lived along with my father and sister then. We were precious poor, and father used to say he hoped Hetty would marry some one able to keep her, and so give us a lift that way.

Hetty was powerful pretty. I've seen a sight of women, as you may suppose, in six-and-thirty years, but I have never seen one that could come near her for good looks. Bright and light she was as sunshine, and she had a bit of temper, too.

One day a new hand came to the pit, Jim Marwood by name; a pleasanter man to look upon than Jim you never saw. See him on Sunday going to chapel, clean and smart, as straight as a pole, with blue eyes looking so frank and smiling, and you'd say he looked a picture.

He had struck up a mighty affection for me before he had been a month in the gang.

You would have thought 'twas a wonder he had lived so long without me. He told me all about his friends and such like most confidential, and I found out he had to keep his mother and hadn't a sixpence he could call his own.

All he told me I told Hetty, and she would listen, with a lovely color in her cheeks, and go on talking about him after I had stopped, till all of a sudden it came upon me that him and her knew as much of each other as I did, and more, too, and liked what they knew to a degree that was considerable.

I was a trifle put out about it, for I knew he was poor, and it would be a bad lookout if they was to come together; still, as I've said, I'm heavy and slow in most things, and I thought I'd better hold my tongue awhile longer.

Well, one day—I remember it as clear as yesterday—it was between the lights on a September evening, very quiet and still, the stars just showing out like sparkles of diamond light we get in the seams at times. I was smoking my pipe in our back room—father was out of the house—when I heard voices in the other room across the passage. It was Matty and my sister talking together.

Matty was the dwarf. He had a long Welsh name, but we called him "Matty" in the general way, because of his rough hair, and didn't seem to mind the joke.

I knew his voice well enough. It was not exactly unpleasant, though deep, with sometimes a sort of crack in it, but anything like it sounded just then I never heard before.

It made me sit up and put my pipe down pretty sudden.

"I love you!" he says to Hetty. "I've loved you ever since I've seen you; won't you marry me? I'd be a good husband to you."

She went into a light kind of scornful laugh.

"Marry you?" she says. "Why, Matty, you must be dreaming? Of course I won't."

And then I guessed she gave her head a toss, with a way she had.

I got up and went a step nearer the door, for I didn't know how he might take it, them dwarfs being uncertain creatures.

He was silent a minute, then he says:

"I'm stunted and crooked, I know, but I love you better than any other man will ever love you, and I've a comfortable home to offer you."

"If you had twenty homes I wouldn't have you," she answers quick. "So do say no more about it."

I think he moved around the room after that, for his voice sounded near to me. He spoke short and savage like: "Jim Marwood's the man that stands between you and me. Do you think I've been blind? Do you think I can't see that? Jim Marwood has got your heart; and do you think you will ever marry him while I'm alive?"

I got a shiver down the back, and felt round for my stick, for his tone was awful, and I didn't know what he might do next.

Hetty never was the girl to be cowed, and she flushed round on him the next moment like gunpowder.

"It is Jim Marwood that has got my heart, and I have his, and I'm not ashamed to say it before you or any man. I know you've got your cottage and your garden that you are so mortal proud of, and we shall have to wait for years; but you needn't think you'll frighten me out of marrying him, for you won't; and if I don't marry him, I'll never marry such a miserable, wicked, ugly wretch as you! So don't flatter yourself I would."

And she gave a kind of sob, and burst out at the door, and rushed upon our little flight of stairs, and I heard the door bang and the key turn in her lock sharp and passionate.

I waited, still as death, wondering how he would take on, and hearing no stir I kind of squinted round the doorpost into the passage.

There he stood in the dusk facing towards the open entry door and the starry sky. A desperate, hideous, evil-looking thing, with his monstrous head and shaggy hair and his little twisted legs. There was that dull, tranced look in his eyes, and he was staring before him like I had often seen him do in the mine.

"She shall never marry Marwood while I'm alive. God made me same as him," I heard him mutter to himself, and then he went out.

I saw him no more that night, and I didn't let on to Hetty that I had overheard them. The next day we were all underground as usual. Somehow or other Matty and Marwood and I found ourselves always pretty close together. He seemed to me to be hanging on to Jim in a way I didn't like, hearing what I had heard, and I kept as close to both as I well could, keeping my tools ready to hand, and watching the dwarf out of the corner of my eye.

Jim never looked taller, nor handsomer, nor straighter than he looked that day. Happy he was as a lark, whistling over his work and laughing as light-hearted as could be.

I couldn't be light, for there was a curious weight on my mind, a sense as if some mischief was going to happen before nightfall.

I notice that the dwarf scarce took his eyes off Jim, except at 12 o'clock, when we stopped for our bits of food, and then he sat in a corner by himself under a truck and scribbled on a scrap of paper, with a queer sort of smile on his face. I had the shivers more than once, for he looked so evil and so black among the coal heaps, and every now and then he would talk to himself in Welsh, which I had never heard him do before, and it turned my blood cold, for it it sounded for all the world like the jabberings of a maniac.

In the afternoon we got down to a lower level. It was a dangerous part of the mine, as we all knew, and we kept our Davy lamps pretty light, I can tell you.

"There's fire-damp about here," said one of the men.

"And a spark would settle the lot of us, wouldn't it?" said the dwarf.

They were almost the first words he had spoken, and the expression of his face as he said it made my heart give a turn.

"Ah! that it would," Jim answered.

A kind of sick fear came over me that our lives were in the dwarf's power, and hanging, as it might be, on a thread. Such a longing came over me for a mouthful of fresh air and the sight of the open sky as I had never known in the mines before.

People warming their toes at their handsome fires on the winter nights don't know what it means to us chaps who have the digging of the coal in the depths of the earth, and who put flesh and blood in jeopardy every hour to do it.

Nothing more was said about firedamp, however, and that day, the longest day I had ever known, came round to 6 o'clock without an explosion.

The cages were ready for us to get up to the top of the shaft, and most of the men had gone.

"You go now," says I to the dwarf.

"No!" he answers, "I'm going to stay a little over-time to-night. You all go on, and send the cage down again for me. And look here, give this to your sister Hetty, will you? and tell her to open it."

He put a bundle in my hand, tied up in a handkerchief. I took it gingerly enough, for, with such suspicions in my mind, I half expected it might go off in my face somehow.

Then we touched the signal rope, and up went Jim and me, and the dwarf stood underneath and turned his face up, watching us out of sight.

Well! I felt more comfortable when we put our feet on firm ground on top of the shaft, and then sent the cage down again for him.

"Wonder what's in that bundle?" says Jim.

"Maybe Hetty will tell you some time," I replied, little thinking how it concerned him.

I took it home and called Hetty to open it. Our cottage wasn't far from the pits, and it couldn't have been above ten minutes since the dwarf had put it into my hand.

She undid the knot, and there—if you would believe it—were the title deeds of his cottage and a dozen sovereigns tied up in a piece of canvas, and the scrap of paper I had seen him scribble on under the truck. There were these words on it:

"What is here is for you. 'Ugly and miserable' I am, but 'wicked' I am not, I said you shouldn't marry him while I was alive and I shall keep my word. Think kindly of a dwarf if you can. God made me as well as him."

We hadn't got to the end of the poor, dirty little letter when we heard a sound that made our hearts stand still—a long, dull roaring, shaking the floor we stood on as if it was thunder under our feet.

"An explosion in the mine!" says Hetty, with a face as white as chalk.

We rushed out. All Nine Pitts was out; men, women and children, screaming and running to the shaft head.

Hundreds of tons of solid earth and rock and rubble had fallen in, and under it all was the dead, crushed body of that poor creature we had helped to send from the world.

It was no use digging to dig him out. He knew when he opened his Davy lamp—and he must have opened it—that human help could never reach there. He knew, when he watched me and Jim go up in the cage, that he was staying behind for his death, and he went to it of his own free will for the love of my sister Hetty.

She cried about it for a week and said she should never be happy again. But I think she is happy now, for she married Jim, come the Easter after, and they live in Matty's cottage still, and the garden is all abloom with flowers.

How They Shave in Cuba.

A correspondent in the West Indies writes us as follows concerning the Cuban barbers: "In lathering the patient no brush is used as with us. Instead a sort of bowl, made so that it fits about the neck is used. In this the lather is made and applied to the face with the fingers of the operator. After the usual method of shaving the customer is invited to go to a wash bowl and wash his own face, after which he resumes his chair and the barber dresses his hair. This operation is regarded by the barber as the most important part of his vocation, and he spends twice as much time on the hair as he does in shaving. When the tedious process is ended the charge is ten cents in specie or twenty-five cents in the paper currency of the country.—[National Barber.

Might Have Been Worse.

She—I am very sorry, but our engagement must cease. I can never marry.

He—My gracious? What has happened?

She—My brother has disgraced us!

He—Oh, is that all. That doesn't matter. I feared maybe your father had failed.—[New York Weekly.

Canada is enforcing the 90-day quarantine regulations against American cattle.

LABOR STATISTICS.

The Annual Report of Commissioner Carroll D. Wright.

Wages and Cost of Living in This Country and Europe.

The Hon. Carroll D. Wright, Commissioner of Labor, transmitted to the President his annual report.

In that part of the report relating to cost of living, facts are given from 5284 families representing 27,577 persons. These families are distributed through the cotton and glass producing States of the United States, Belgium, France, Germany, Great Britain and Switzerland, and constitute the most extensive collection of data relative to the cost of living that has ever been published.

The total average income of families from all sources for different countries, for the number of families for which budgets were obtained in each country, was: For the cotton industry, $36.76 in the United States, $335.94 in France, $302.11 in Germany, $356.14 in Great Britain, and $358.5? in Switzerland. In the woolen industry $633.13 in the United States, $424.51 in France, $375.99 in Germany, and $515.64 in Great Britain. In the glass industry in the United States $839.64, in Belgium $627.65, and in Great Britain $501.69.

Bringing these averages into comparison with those of incomes in other industries, as reported in the sixth annual report, the Commissioner finds that in the United States the total average income of families engaged in the pig iron industry was $591.61; in Belgium, $374.53, and in Great Britain, $456.86. The bar iron workers are a well-paid class, and their incomes per family were as follows: For the United States, $784.11; for Belgium, $859.37; for France, $464.74; for Germany, $282.20, and for Great Britain, $519.99.

Looking at some of the items of expenses of families in different countries, and for different industries, it is learned from the report that in the United States the average cost of rent for the families reported in the cotton industry was $72.58; in France, $34.76; in Germany, $27.96, and in Great Britain, $51.24. For families engaged in the woolen industry, in the United States, $90.87; in France, $35.25; in Germany, $25.45, and in Britain, $52.24. For families in the glass industry in the United States, $109.57; in Belgium, $38.95, and in Great Britain, $50.73.

The sums expended for amusements and vacation, indicate very clearly the tendency of the families of working men. For the families in the United States in the cotton industry, the average cost was $9.36; in France, $10.02; in Germany, $18.33, and in Great Britain, $36.20. The glass workers in this country, however, spent more money than those of any other country for amusements and vacation. In the United States such expenses amounted to $38.66 per annum; in Belgium, $11.40, and in Great Britain, $22.86.

The comparisons on intoxicating liquors are as follows: For the families engaged in the cotton industry in the United States, so far as considered, $15.93; in France, $15.08; in Germany, $11.41, and in Great Britain, $19.47. In the glass industry, in the United States, $54.94; in Belgium, $45.09, and in Great Britain, $32.74.

The expenditures for food by the families of the cotton workers in the United States was on the average $287.06; in France, $164.02; in Germany, $142.22, and in Great Britain, $246.50. For the families engaged in the woolen industry in the United States, $262.85; in France, $186.78; in Germany, $140.27, and in Great Britain, $223.80. For the families of glass workers: In the United States, $294.75; in Belgium, $237.22, and in Great Britain, $220.96.

The reading propensities of the families concerned in the report constitute interesting points of comparison. The average cost of books and newspapers for families engaged in the cotton industry in the United States was $5.35; in France, $3.79; in Germany, $1.48, and in Great Britain, $5.86. For families engaged in the woolen industry: In the United States, $7.66; in France, $3.33; in Germany, $1.37, and in Great Britain, $6.47. For the families engaged in the glass industry: In the United States, $9.14; in Belgium, $3.82, and in Great Britain, $3.44.

The total average expenditures per family for all purposes in the cotton industry in the United States were $610.61; France, $333.70; in Germany, $282.58; in Great Britain, $502.13, and in Switzerland, $346.68. The families in the woolen industry in the United States expended $394.09; in France, $334.05; in Germany, $281.59, and in Great Britain, $481.64. The families engaged in the glass industry in the United States expended $769.06; in Belgium, $492.42, and in Great Britain, $460.44.

UNFORTUNATE MINERS.

Over Two Score Perish at Roslyn, Washington.

Later particulars in regard to the fearful mine disaster at Roslyn, Washington, state that forty-six men lost their lives by the explosion. The slope in which the explosion occurred is a new part of the mine and was just being driven to the place where the shaft is to be sunk. It is 2,000 feet long and has seven levels. Forty-eight men were at work at the time of the accident, most of them were married. Work in the slope was more remunerative than in the mine proper and the company had, therefore, been giving men with large families the preference for this labor. All are dead.

The slope was being driven in for the development of the mine. At intervals of 300 feet along its length levels were run laterally from the main slope. Main ways were being driven parallel to the slope from different levels, in order to establish a draught and prevent fire damp. There was 150 feet of this yet to be completed when the explosion occurred. It is supposed that the explosion occurred in this manhole. A few moments before the explosion a new shift of six men had relieved an equal number of men in one of these levels or entries. They had been in the mine about an hour when the explosion occurred.

The only living persons who were in the mine at the time are Walter Steele and Frank Hodgkins. The latter was a rope rider, who attends cars going up and down. Steele was a trapper, who attended the trap doors, opening and shutting them as they passed. As Hodgkins passed Steele the latter was taken with an impulse to go to the surface, and mounted the car with Hodgkins. Just as the boys reached the surface the explosion occurred, both being blown from the mouth of the slope.

Immediately after the explosion the inhabitants of the village crowded about the opening to the mines, giving utterance to their piteous lamentations, and calling upon the assembled miners to rush into the mine.

The families of the dead miners are almost destitute. The mine is running on short time. Many of the dead men had only been working a few days, after a three-months' lay off. Most of the bodies recovered were horribly burned and mutilated. The dead were taken care of as fast as they were brought to the surface. The City Hall was turned into a temporary morgue.

The feeling is one of general censure of the mining company, and there is a decided disposition to hold it responsible for the death of the forty-six men who are known to have perished in the accident. Mr. Ronald, who, up to two weeks ago, was Superintendent of the company, resigned his position because he refused longer to accept the responsibility for the safety of the men under him unless the company took extra precautions.

MR. MURPHY, the special agent of the United States Government is to introduce the use of cornmeal, states that the German Government is now establishing a corn-mill plant in one of their largest mills at Magdeburg. The tests are satisfactory and extensive experiments are contemplated. The bread used by the Army in the future will consist of one-third cornmeal and two-thirds rye.

LATER NEWS.

ABOUT 5000 persons witnessed the launching of the United States gunboat No. 6, the Castine, at the Bath (Me.) Iron Works. The vessel was gaily decorated with bunting, and made a satisfactory launch. Miss Hichborn, daughter of the Naval Constructor, broke the bottle and named the vessel.

JOSEPH M. SCHOOLEY, the senior of the four Police Captains of Philadelphia, Penn., at the City Hall, went to the Captain's room, where he locked the door and shot himself dead with a ball from his revolver. No other cause can be assigned for the suicide than melancholia.

A TERRIFIC tornado passed over Collierville, Tenn., wrecking many houses and doing great damage.

GEORGE H. GRISWOLD, cashier of the Fourth National Bank, of Columbus, Ohio, has disappeared with $2900.

THE new bridge across the Mississippi was formally opened at Memphis, Tenn.

THE President has approved the bill appropriating $150,000 to pay the expenses of the United States members of the Bering Sea Board of Arbitration.

THE President nominated J. Stanley Isaacs to be Assistant Appraiser of Merchandise in the district of New York.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WANAMAKER has received an unsigned and undated letter containing $1000. In his letter the writer says: "This is the balance of interest I owe of the sum I took from the Government in 1865. I have now paid principal and interest, in all $17,500. No man has suffered more for his crime than I have, and I now pray the Lord's forgiveness for my sin."

GENERAL GRESSER, Perfect of Police in St. Petersburg, Russia, died from the effects of a quack medicine.

A DISPATCH from London says that England has accepted the invitation of the United States to a bi-metallic conference.

IN the anti-Hebrew riots at Lodi, in Poland, ten Hebrews were killed outright and 100 injured.

A LARGE skating rink in course of construction at Buenos Ayres, Argentina, collapsed. Thirty persons were killed. The architect and the builder were arrested.

THE pottery of Thomas A. Maddock & Sons, the largest sanitary ware manufacturers in Trenton, N. J., was totally destroyed by fire. The buildings destroyed occupied a square and were filled with valuable molds and green ware. Loss, $175,000.

THE body of William Astor, who died recently in Paris, was interred with simple ceremonies in Trinity Cemetery, New York City. His will was made public. Out of perhaps $75,000,000, nearly $65,000,000 goes to John Jacob Astor, the residuary legatee. One very noticeable feature of the document is the fact that Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton, who has been brought so prominently before the public recently, receives no personal bequest.

D. A SCHOFIELD, of Ewing, Mich., shot and killed his wife and then fatally shot himself.

TWENTY-SEVEN houses were burned at Savannah, Ga., in one of the best residence portions of the city. Loss, about $100,000.

MIDLAND, Mich., was shaken by the explosion of a battery of four boilers that furnished steam for operating a sawmill. The boiler house was detached from the mill and was completed wrecked, and considerable damage was also done to the sawmill. Three employes were killed and eight injured.

THE Territorial Republican Convention of Arizona met at Phoenix. Benjamin Honey, of Tucson, was chosen Chairman, and C. V. M. Shaver, George Christ, A. Frank and George E. Brown were elected delegates to the National Republican Convention at Minneapolis. They are uninstructed.

WHEN William Coons returned to his home at Prescott, Iowa, after a business trip, he found the horribly mangled bodies of his wife and daughter. They had been beaten to death with a club by an unknown assassin.

THERE was no opposition to the confirmation of T. Jefferson Coolidge, of Massachusetts, as Minister to France, when the nomination was called up in the executive session of the Senate.

ANARCHISTS made an attempt to blow up a crowded streetcar in Buda-Pest, Austro-Hungary.

THE British Government declines to give its assent to the convention between the United States and Newfoundland.

QUEEN REGENT CHRISTINA has conferred upon Mrs. Burd Grubb, the wife of the United States Minister, the insignia of the Order of Maria Louisa. This order was founded in 1792 by Maria Louisa, wife of Charles IV.

SEVEN persons were cremated in a fire which destroyed their dwelling at Crefeld, Prussia.

GARZA'S REVOLUTION.

Ten of His Followers Killed on Mexican Soil.

A dispatch from San Antonio, Texas, says: The Garza revolution has broken out afresh. The outlook is more serious than during the disturbance along the lower Rio Grande a few months ago.

This is indicated by a telegram received by Dr. Plutar Ornelias, Mexican Consul at San Antonio. It is from General Lorenzo Garcia, commander of the troops in the field in the northern zone of Mexico, with headquarters at Mier, in the State of Tamaulipas, and reads:

"Lieutenant Indalecio-Sado, commanding a detachment of cavalry, met and had an engagement with a party of Garza's revolutionists at a place called La Mecca, in this State. After a hard-fought battle the Government troops won a victory over the invaders, killing ten of the latter. Among those killed were Julian Flores and Abelardo Dominguez, alias Cuasteron. On the Government side one soldier and three horses were killed. The troops are in close pursuit of the remnants of the band."

This band crossed the Rio Grande River to Mexican territory at Ramif Ramineo crossing. Julian Flores, one of the revolutionists killed, was a First Lieutenant in Garza's so-called army, and was under indictment in the Federal Court at San Antonio on several charges of violating the United States neutrality laws.

He has been next to Garza in leading this revolutionary movement, and in fact it has been generally believed that he really did the most of the planning. He had been a political refugee from Mexico for several years and was a brave man. He owned a ranch of several thousand acres in Starr County, where he made his home before the outbreak.

Since then he has lived in the saddle, and was successful in evading the numerous United States scouting parties. It is estimated that he was surrounded by about 175 desperate men.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

BASEBALL is booming in Pittsburg.

THERE is not a weak hitter on the Brooklyn team.

FIREMEN are nearly all great baseball enthusiasts.

BROUTHERS, of Brooklyn, has had more assists than any other first baseman.

THE crowds at the games in the West are the largest in the history of baseball.

JONES, of Louisville, is decidedly the pitching phenomenon of the season thus far.

THIS is the Pittsburg veteran pitcher, Galvin's nineteenth year on the diamond.

THE chief trouble with the St. Louis team is said to be an almost total absence of team work.

PRESIDENT YOUNG says the present Boston Club is the strongest ball team ever organized.

PITCHER INKS, of Brooklyn, is a poor fielder in his position. He lacks nerve to face hot bits.

KILROY, of Washington, is one of the cleverest pitchers in the profession in watching bases.

NO third baseman in the League can equal Tebeau, of Cleveland, on running catches or sky scrapers.

CLARKSON, the Boston pitcher, says his arm feels stronger this year than for the past two seasons.

RAMSEY, once the greatest of left-handed pitchers, is now tending a lunch-counter on the Louisville grounds.

THE first pitcher this season to shut an opposing team out without a hit or run was Highlands, of Harvard.

NEVER before did the ball players as a whole take such good care of themselves and work as hard as this season.

HARDIE RICHARDSON, released by Washington, has been signed by New York. He will play either second base or left field.

WASHINGTON games have been better patronized this year than at any time since Washington was connected with baseball.

NOTHING so makes a crowd of enthusiasts weaken on a favorite pitcher as seeing him giving an opposing batsman a base on balls.

THE Bostons have thus early won their series from the Baltimores. The Louisvilles have also won their series from the Chicagos and the Pittsburgs from St. Louis.

IS Ewing Roger Connor's equal at first base? is a question asked by a Pittsburg critic, who says the New York Captain can only handle perfectly fielded balls to first base.

CROWDS attending baseball games this season have been well up to a comfortable average, and the interest in the sport is not likely to abate if the double championship season does what is expected of it.

MULLANE, of the Cincinnati Club, probably fields his position better than any other pitcher in the country. He faces the hardest hit balls without a wince and gathers in nine out of every ten of them. He never lets a ball pass for the infielders that he can possibly get his hands on.

OF the players who were in the American Association during the first year of its existence, only Brown, Browning, Mullane, McPhee, Swartwood, Stricker and Comiskey are now in the major organization. All the others have drifted into minor leagues, some have given up baseball and many have died.

KEEFE AND CLEMENTS, of Philadelphia, do not work well together as a battery. Clements has been accustomed to do all the signaling for his pitcher heretofore, and thinks he ought to with Keefe. Keefe knows the weakness of every League batter, and should do all the signalling himself. He is certainly more capable than Clements to judge his own delivery, and until he commands the battery he cannot do his best work.

GREAT BRITAIN, the land of athletes and the home of cricket, is to have baseball this season. A meeting was held some days ago at the Royal and Commercial Hotel, in Salford, and steps were taken toward organization of English leagues and associations. The country was divided into ten districts, Birmingham, Cleveland, Derby, Liverpool, London, Manchester, Newcastle, Nottingham, Preston and Stoke. Each of these districts reported the existence within its borders of several clubs—twenty in the Cleveland district alone.

RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.	Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Boston	17	5	.773	Chicago	10	11	.476
Brooklyn	13	6	.684	Philad'lp'a	10	12	.455
Louisville	13	9	.591	New York	9	11	.450
Pittsburgh	13	10	.765	Washing'n	9	12	.429
Cleveland	11	9	.550	St. Louis	7	15	.318
Cincinnati	11	11	.500	Baltimore	4	16	.200

THE LABOR WORLD.

ZULU women build the houses.

FARM help is in great demand in North Dakota.

A SEAMAN'S UNION OF AMERICA has been organized at Chicago.

CHINAMEN have been imported into Belgium to replace striking iron workers.

STRIKES for eight hours and more wages are being reported from all over the country.

THE sponge industry of the Bahama Islands employs 500 boats and nearly 5000 men.

THE Durham (England) miners will go to work eight hours a days and five days a week.

THE minimum age of employment on the Continent is generally twelve, or from twelve to fourteen.

IT is calculated that the aggregate annual income of the working classes of England is about $1,500,000,000.

OUT of the 240,000 domestic servants in London it is estimated that 10,000 of them are always out of employment.

ENGLISH army nurses are paid $600 a year, and this is increased $50 for every year of service until it reaches $1000.

IN Massachusetts the demands of organized labor have secured the passage of thirty-five laws during the last five years.

THE dry goods firms of Baltimore, Md., have agreed to close their stores at noon on Saturdays throughout the summer months.

OVER 3700 journeymen have graduated during the last ten years from the New York City Trade School, which at present has about 600 pupils.

THE bakers' unions of Berlin, have established a co-operative shop, furnishing bread to eighty-three different stores and many hundreds of families.

THE entire membership of the trades unions in Germany is about 350,000 at present, as shown by the reports at the recent National Convention in Halberstadt.

TO enable the continuance of the Queensland sugar industry it has been found imperative that cheap Polynesian labor be introduced from the South Sea Islands.

LABOR COMMISSIONER ROBINSON, of Michigan, shows in a recent report that the average hours of labor for women in that State are at present ten per day at seventy-five cents.

THE Superintendent of a big division of the Pennsylvania Railroad in a lecture to employes under him recently declared against the running of passenger and freight trains on Sunday.

THE New York Association of Working Girls' Clubs has twenty different societies, with a membership of 2500. Seven societies rent an entire house, twelve rent rooms and one owns its house.

IN Lancashire, England, the Federation of Master Cotton Spinners has ordered a general lockout in order to limit production. This action will result in throwing thousands of mill hands out of employment.

THE recent annual report of John Burnett, Chief of the British Labor Bureau, shows that the trades unions of Great Britain are in a highly prosperous condition, and that their membership is growing rapidly.

THE Labor Congress of Canada demands of the Dominion Government an employers' liability act, incorporation of trades unions, abolition of convict contract labor, a nine-hour workday, factory inspection by women, weekly payments, public libraries, more public and trade schools with free books and universal suffrage.

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

90TH DAY.—The Choctaw and Chickasaw award was discussed——Eulogies on the late Senator Wilson, of Maryland, were pronounced.

91ST DAY.—The House bill to admit certain foreign-built ships to American registry was passed without change by a vote of forty to ten.

92D DAY.—The Senate passed the bill enlarging the Yellowstone National Park by about one-third its present area.

93D DAY.—The Senate passed a bill appropriating $30,000 for a monumental column to commemorate the battle of Princeton, N. J., on condition that the Monument Association will contribute a like sum —— The Senate passed the Lake Erie-Ohio River Canal bill —— Mr. Sawyer introduced a bill creating a new grade of letter carriers to receive $1200 per annum and empowering the Postmaster-General to appoint from the carrier force a District Superintendent to every division numbering not less than fifty nor more than 100 carriers——Senate bill for the development and encouragement of silk culture in the United States under the supervision of the Secretary of Agriculture was made a special order.

94TH DAY.—The Senate agreed to appropriate $50,000 toward the expenses of the naval review at the Columbian Exposition ——The Naval Appropriation bill was considered——Mr Call introduced a resolution asking for the appointment of a joint committee to inquire into the condition at Cuba and the islands known as the Greater Antilles, Bahamas and the Lesser Antilles or Windward Islands——Mr. Dawes introduced a joint resolution directing the President to proclaim a general holiday commemorating the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America on October 12, 1892.

In the House.

103D DAY.—The River and Harbor Appropriation bill was considered——A bill, designed to prevent the employment on public works of prison or convict labor, or the products of such labor, was reported.

104TH DAY.—The House completed consideration of the River and Harbor bill, but did not pass it. The only amendments of importance were: Increasing from $70,000 to $100,000 for improving the Missouri River at Great Falls, in Montana, and Sioux City; $10,000 for damming the Gila River near Yuma, Arizona, and a section providing that in cases where the Secretary of War was not satisfied with the bid, or where the contractors failed to finish the work in the specified time, he could complete it otherwise than by contract.

105TH DAY.—The River and Harbor bill was passed. It carries an appropriation of about $21,000,000.

106TH DAY.—The House began the consideration of the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill.—Mr. Fithian introduced a resolution to set apart three days in June for discussion and voting on the bill introduced by him to admit to American registry foreign-built ships.

107TH DAY.—The House agreed to the conference report on the Urgent Deficiency bill——Mr. Watson, of Georgia, gave notice that the People's party representatives henceforth would oppose all requests for unanimous consent—— The House spent the remainder of the day in Committee of the Whole on the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, most of the time being devoted to the eighth item, which provides an appropriation of $620,500 for the new mint at Philadelphia. It was stricken out.

108TH DAY.—Mr. Oates introduced a resolution asking for an investigation of the Pinkerton Detective Agency——The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill was further considered.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

JAPAN has 2038 corporations.

IOWA has wiped out her State debt.

CHOLERA is epidemic in Benares, India.

SEAL skins have gone up twenty per cent.

AUSTRALASIA has 50,000,000 acres of forest.

THERE are 260,000 acres planted to tea in Ceylon.

TERRIBLE prairie fires have been raging in Nebraska.

GRAY otters are being found in the ponds of Millville, N. J.

PRAIRIE wolves are creating havoc among stock near Elkhorn, Wis.

IT cost the United States $150,000 to settle just the Bering Sea trouble.

NEW ORLEANS, La., is to have a new courthouse and jail to cost $350,000.

THE hall for the Republican Convention at Minneapolis, Minn., has been completed.

THE Wyoming Experiment Station has six experiment farms in different sections.

MINING property in Mexico is hereafter to pay annual taxes, like any other property.

THE Scotch-Irish congress at Atlanta, Ga., held an interesting three days' session.

THE population of the town of Okarche in Oklahoma grew 1500 in one night recently.

NO grain of any kind can be shipped from Russia till after the harvesting of the next crop.

INDICATIONS are that Alaska will be the great objective point of tourist travel this summer.

ITALY has resolved to give up all her African colonies, with the the exception of Massowah.

A BIG rat hunt has been going on in the Postoffice and Treasury departments at Washington.

CORN planting in portions of Arkansas was given up on account of the wet weather, and cotton substituted.

ONE of the most valuable finds Alabama ever knew is that of a bed of almost pure kaolin in Marion County.

THE condition of winter grain in New York State is reported as good. The past winter was unusually favorable.

THERE are forty-one companies doing fire and insurance business in Pennsylvania. The losses paid last year were $7,265,842.17.

THE new method of gauging distilled spirits, in order to ascertain the taxable quantity in each barrel, has gone into effect.

TWENTY THOUSAND women have petitioned the Canadian Dominion Parliament in favor of the extension of suffrage to women.

THERE is a general feeling throughout France, in spite of the quiet which reigned on May Day, that the danger from Anarchists is by no means passed.

THEY are taking in from $500 to $1000 a day gate money now at the World's Fair grounds in Chicago from people who go to see how the workmen are getting on.

THE descendants of Christopher Columbus, who are to be invited to the World's Fair, were named as follows in the United States Senate: "Cristobal Colon de Colon de Corda, Duke of Veragua, Marquis De Barboleo, his brother, Don Cristobal de Larreatigui, his son, and their wives and children, if any."

SUICIDES IN BERLIN.

A Banker and Two Merchants Thus Escape Financial Scandal.

The suicide of a banker and two prominent merchants in Berlin, Germany, has shaken financial confidence, and a panic like that of last winter is feared. Herr Hammerstein, the chief of the well known banking house of Hammerstein & Friedlander, went to bed apparently in his usual frame of mind. Next morning he was found dead, having shot himself in the head. He left no message as to the cause, but it has been known for some time past that the banking house has been threatened with disaster.

Later in the day it was announced that Feigerstroem Brothers, wholesale merchants and exporters in Berlin, had committed suicide. The elder was found in his room with a bullet wound in his temple and a revolver on the floor. His brother hanged himself in the attic. They are believed to have made the agreement to die together. They were financially embarrassed.

A HOME FOR PRINTERS.

Dedication of a Handsome Building at Colorado Springs.

The Childs-Drexel Home for Printers was dedicated at Colorado Springs, Col., in the presence of a vast concourse of people. The dedication ceremonies were preceded by a street parade, in which many trades unions took part. Governor Routt and Mayor Sprague delivered addresses of welcome.

THE PRINTERS' HOME.

Mr. George W. Childs responded briefly, expressing his warm friendship for the printers. Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, also delivered an address.

The home is located one mile from the city on a small elevation which overlooks the surrounding country, including the Garden of the Gods, Pike's Peak, Manitou and Cheyenne Canon. It is constructed of white lava stone, with red sandstone trimmings. The style is Renaissance, and the construction cost $60,000. The home is four stories in height and 144 feet front, with a depth of forty feet. It has three towers with balconies extending along both sides and on every story.

The fund for the construction of the building was started in 1884, when Mr. George W. Childs and A. J. Drexel, of Philadelphia, presented the International Typographical Union their joint check for $10,000. To increase this fund it was agreed that on May 12, the anniversary of the birth of Mr. Childs, every Union printer east of the Mississippi River should contribute the price of 1000 ems, and on September 13, of the year following, the birthday of Mr. Drexel, all Union men west of the river should donate a like sum. By this means the money was secured to construct this magnificent home, the location of which was decided upon during the National Convention held in Denver in 1889.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

THE Administration building will have a mosaic floor costing $5000.

A COLLECTION of finely mounted birds and animals will be shown in the Pennsylvania buildings.

A TELEPHONE exchange having, it is now thought, about 600 instruments, will be established in the Exposition grounds.

IT is the intention, if possible, to arrange for a grand international regatta for both salt and fresh water yachts during the Exposition.

THE model of the Victory, Nelson's celebrated flag-ship, will be brought to the Exposition by Manager Abud, of the Prince of Wales's Theatre, London.

INVITATIONS are being sent to distinguished guests to attend the dedication ceremonies of the Exposition next

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

BRING THE FACTORY NEAR THE FARM.

The value of the home market as well as the value of the industries to all our people, the Democratic free trader ignores. The CAROLINIAN longs to see the day when manufacturing establishments are established in all our Southern towns; when the factory and the farm are brought into neighborly relations, with as close and communications as possible between the two, saving the cost of long transportation and curtailing the avocation of the middle men.

Then, and not till then, may our section expect the fullest degree of prosperity attainable, Then we shall see a broader intelligence in each community—caused by the commingling of people of different associations, different thoughts and different aspirations. Then will the entire condition be vastly improved, and the present isolated situation of the farmer, which is perhaps the greatest objection to his condition, be in a large measure avoided. And it is to this desirable end that Republican legislation is directed.

REPUBLICAN PROTECTION DID IT.

The New York *Mail and Express* calls attention to the fact that in 1891, during the twelve months ending March 31, the imports of merchandise into the United States amounted in value to $835,660,364, of which $309,260,699, or 37.04 per cent were free of duty, and $526,399,665, or 62.99 per cent, were dutiable.

In 1892, under Republican protection, during the corresponding period our imports of merchandise amounted in value to $886,058,585, of which $461,473,523, or 55.13 per cent, were free of duty, and $375,585,082, or 44.87 per cent, were dutiable.

Thus, under Republican protection, while our home industries were well protected, and while there was an increase of $1,398,221 during the time in question in the total value of our imports of merchandise, yet the amount of such dutiable imports decreased $159,815,603, or 22.13 per cent, and the amount of such free imports increased $152 212,822, or 18.12 per cent.

DEMOCRATIC EXTRAVAGANCE.

The Democratic party out of power is always preaching economy. The Democratic party in power is always plundering the Treasury.

Look at the record the present Democratic House of Representatives is making! The Democracy came into power on a platform pledged to reduce public expenditures It is increasing them. Nearly every appropriation bill passed thus far calls for more money from the people than the so-called "Billion-Dollar Congress" spent.

The area of the Cheyenne and Arapahoe reservation in Oklahoma, which was recently opened, is about 4,000,000 acres. Of this 536,960 acres had been allotted by the Government to the resident Indians. The remaining 3,500,000 acres would afford settlements for about 22,000 homeseekers, allowing 160 acres to each.

England howls regularly over the fact that certain vessels built in her shipyards are henceforth to sail under the American flag. It is hard for poor old England to give up the idea that the trade winds and the sea are her private property.

One of the mysterious ways of Providence that plague the Democrats is that the State whose delegates will select the candidate this fall are those which never do anything to elect him.

The fallacy which deludes the free silver boomers is the idea that this country can maintain a 100-cent position among the nations of the earth on a 70-cent dollar.

When could the women of the country buy everything from a paper of pins to a nice dress cheaper than they can now? That is the effect of the "McKinley bill."

The Boston Mugwump *Herald* mournfully confesses that "in the Democratic party there is an element of bold, defiant, undisguised badness."

What worries the Democrats is that there never before have been so many "doubtful" States in a Presidential election.

Unless the House soon adjourns there won't be a cent left in the Treasury, It will be known as "the Billion and-a-Half Congress."

Foreign trade extended and American labor protected. That is what the tariff has done.

Pull down the American factory—that is the meaning of Democratic "tariff reform."

The Democrats meet in State Convention at Raleigh to-day.

ABOUT CULTIVATION.

Cultivation is given to kill out weeds, to keep the soil free and mellow, so as to induce a good root growth, and to render plant food in the soil available for use by the growing plants

Cultivation would, therefore, be necessary if there were no weeds, but it is an exceptional case when keeping down the weeds is not fully as important as keeping the soil free and mellow.

Weeds are most easily destroyed when small and this is one of the advantages of early cultivation. In all soils there is more or less latant plant food that is not in an available condition to be used by the plant Subjecting the soil to the influence of light and air aids materially to render this valuable and the finer the soil and the more frequently it is stirred the better the opportunity for this action.

It is universal—the respect and admiration for the President, or to put it in glowing language, as does the Minneapolis *Tribune*:

"Whether from Rhode Island or Oregon, from the Dakotas or the South, convention voices continue to bring in ringing endorsements for the courageous and patriotic administration of Benjamin Harrison."

Editor Watterson, of the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, is not ashamed to concede Harrison's strength. He says plainly that the Democratic nominee for President "has to meet a victorious adversary, who has given proof of sterling abilities and commended himself to the respect of the country."

In New York the Republicans have elected 749 Supervisors of Elections and the Democrats 409—a Rep. majority of 147,and a majority of 340 in the nations boards. Two-thirds of the Supervisors throughout the State this year are Republicans.

The National Republican Convention will be held at Minneapolis on June 7; the Democratic Convention at Chicago on June 21; the Prohibition Convention at Cincinnati on June 28th, and Peoples' Party Convention at Omaha on July 4.

Salt River has been left out of the calculations of the Democratic River and Harbor spendthrifts, and yet that is the stream where they will need very deep water next fall.

There is nothing that helps so much toward the election of a Republican President as a Democratic Congress with a big majority.

Leading Democratic newspapers are calling on Democratic Congressmen to come to a halt and right about face.

Our Democratic friends are very anxious that somebody should be discovered as "the man to beat Harrison"

Senator John S, Barbour, of Virginia, died very suddenly at Washington on the 11th inst, aged 72 years,

The Democratic watchword: "Take everything in sight."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, May 14, 1892.

The President is going to the sea shore with Mrs. Harrison, who is just getting well enough to travel; Secretary Noble is in St Louis and Secretary Foster has gone up the Potomac for several days bass fishing. All of which shows how much truth there is in the stories printed by democratic papers, charging that the entire administration is devoting its whole time trying to influence the votes of the uninstructed delegates to the Minneapolis convention.

The republican Congressional Campaign committee has elected an executive committee and officers and buckled down to the work of assisting to elect a republican majority of the House next November. The committee's work is constantly made easier by the action of the democratic majority of the present House,

Having passed the big river and harbor, the democrats of the House, in order to even up things slashed away at the items of the Sundry Civil appropriation bill, making reductions that all admit to be absurd, such for instance, as cutting down more than one-third the estimates for "repairs and preservation of public buildings." Representative Coggswell, of Massachusetts, wittily said that if he were called upon to put a motto at the head of this bill it would read thus: "No saving, but postponement: no economy, but increased expenditures in the end."

There is a big difference between allowing two of the finest steamships in the world the privileges of American registry, on condition that at least two similar vessels be constructed in American shipyards, by their owners, as the bill signed this week by the President does, and passing a bill granting those privileges to any and all vessels built in foreign countries, as the democratic House will soon find out, if it accepts the advice of Representative Fithian, of Illinois, and passes a bill to admit foreign built vessels of all kinds to American registry. The first bill will result in an increase of work for Americans, while the last, should it become a law, would eventually result in the closing of every American ship-building establishment.

Boss Hill thinks it will be easier for him to control the Chicago convention with 856 than with 900 members, so he pretends to believe that it is not legal to choose delegates to the National conventions and members of the Electoral college upon the new Congressional apportionment and that the Electoral college will consist of 421 members, instead of 444, which is the proper number under the new apportionment. He has not found a single man of prominence in any party to agree with him nor is it likely that he will.

Since it was discovered that the present House has appropriated 60,000,000 more than was appropriated at this period of the first session of the last Congress the democrats are not doing so much talking about the "billion Congress."

The Difference

Gov. McKinley at Pawtucket, R, I.

Truth needs no color; facts need no varnish. What we see and know and feel is conclusive against misrepresentation and false prophesy There is a difference between a tariff bill and a tariff law. The one is a proposition; the other is a fact. There is a difference, too, between a tariff law a month old and a tariff law 18 months old. The difference is not in the text—for they are the same—the difference is the opportunity of the demagogue to spread falsehood about the one that he can not about the other. The tariff law four weeks old is too young to speak for itself; the tariff law 18 months old talks for itself. It furnishes its own figures and supplies its own demonstrations, which confuse the demagogue and confound the democrat.

You can say of a parting train that it will never reach its destination. You may frighten some from taking passage and make those who go uncomfortable. But when the train goes through in safety, you have won the scorn of those you sought to alarm, and the contempt of those who believed in you. You are henceforth discredited and harmless as a prophet.

A lie, adhered to, somebody has said, is as good as the truth—that is only because the lie passes for the truth. But it never is as good as the truth, and fails of any force after it has been convicted as a lie. The democratic majority in the present House of Representatives at Washington will appreciate this point next November.

A Discouraged Democrat.

Washington, May 12.—"When will Congress adjourn?" asked one Democrat to Representative of another today.

"I am afraid not before September 1, at the earliest," was the reply of the other in a discouraged tone. He continued. "We might as well be at home now for all the good we are doing here, but I do not see how we can let go. I am tired of these constant squabbles in our own party. We cannot even pass an appropriation bill without quarrelling among ourselves, and the Republicans look on and laugh, and the country grows more disgusted with us every day. Then this boys' play over the tariff is contemptible in view of what we promised and really expected to do If ever an issue was frittered away that one has been so far as we have had power to do it. With our majority we ought to have passed a general tariff bill before this time, and have been ready to adjourn by the middle of June."

A Spring Medicine.

Nothing so efficacious as P P P for a spring medicine at this season, and for toning up, invigorating and as a strengthener and appetizer take P P P. It will throw off the malaria and put you in good condition. P, P P is the best spring medicine in the world for the different ailments the system is liable to in the spring.

For old Sores, Skin Eruptions, Pimples, Ulcers and Syphilis, use only P P P and get well and enjoy the blessing only to be derived from the use of P P P (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium.)

A great spring medicine is P P P, the greatest blood purifier in the world, as hosts of people in this city where it is manufactured can testify

The North Carolina Delegation.

The following is a list of the North Carolina delegates to the republican national convention: At large, H. P. Cheatham, J. C. Pritchard, E. A White and J. C. Dancy; first district, C. M. Bernard and Hugh Cale; second district, C. A. Cook and J. H. Hannon; third district, G. C. Scurlock and A. R. Middleton; fourth district, E. A. Johnson and John Nichols; fifth district, Archibald Brady and J. H. Young; seventh district, Z. V. Walser and W. A. Bailey; eighth district, L. L. Jenkins and J. O. Wilcox; ninth district, R. W. Harris and C. J. Logan These are all instructed to vote for Harrison.

A Little Girl's Experience in a Lighthouse.

Mr. and Mrs. Loren Trescott are keepers of the Gov. Lighthouse at Sand Beach, Mich, and are blessed with a daughter four years old. Last April she was taken down with measles, followed with a dreadful cough and turning into a fever. Doctors at home and at Detroit treated her, but in vain, she grew worse rapidly, until she was a mere "handful of bones." Then she tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and after the use of two and a half bottles was completely cured. They say Dr King's New Discovery is worth its weight in gold yet you may get a trial bottle free at Alex. Wadsworth's drug store.

Washington Gazette: A very remarkable story comes from Latham's X Roads. The tongue of Mr Latham had swollen, he had become speechless and it was thought that he would surely die A Mr. Cherry went to see him, and on examining his tongue with a pencil he found that it had been caught on a decayed tooth in such a way that it was useless Since the tongue has been removed from the old root he has rapidly improved and no doubt will be all right in a few days.

Women troubled with headache, will find Simmons Liver Regulator relieves and cures.

Harrison's Statesmanship.

Speech of Senator Hawley.

Benjamin Harrison has proved himself one of the ablest statesmen of the line of Presidents. He conducted the Treasury when the Secretary was disabled. He became Secretary of State when Mr Blaine was compelled to close his portfolio. He is a well qualified substitute for any member of his Cabinet. Beginning with that Cabinet, his appointments of judges and foreign ministers, commissioners, agents, officers of all higher classes have met the hearty and often times enthusiastic popular approval. There have been no scandals in his administration

In the campaign preceding his election, and in journeys throughout the country and on various minor opportunities, he has made four or five hundred speeches, usually brief, but always carrying thought, and never shunning an issue—made them with the greatest felicity—and has had the unprecedented good fortune, amounting to genius, to have never uttered a phrase picked up by the enemy for catch words of criticism. His state papers exhibit the learning and logic of the lawyer, the breadth of the statesman, the fearless manliness appropriate to his high office. He will pass into history next year, or four years thereafter, as a President who has eminently deserved well of his country.

[FROM THE NEW YORK WORLD.]

BLEEDING POOR UNCLE SAM.

DEMOCRATS IN CONGRESS ARE RIVALLING TOM REED'S "SURPLUS BUSTERS."

Already Ahead of their Record in the First Congress.

With Money Already Appropriated Liabilities Under Proposed Contracted and Appropriations to Come, the Excess this Session over the Appropriations of the First Session of Reed's Congress will be Over $60,000,000.

A Democrat's Opinion.

Congressman Bynum (Dem) of Indiana.

The republican party has always commanded the support of the conservative business interests of this country. This element is more powerful to-day than ever before in our history. Great commercial interests have grown up within the last few years, involving the investment of millions of dollars, the operators of which care nothing for politics so that they can be assured of a stable and honest administration of affairs.

Gov. Holt has appointed the following delegates to the National Silver Convention at Washington, May 26 27: W. H. Oliver, C. G. Smith, Harry Skinner, S, B. Spruill, Frank Barnes, Elias Carr, F. M. Simmons, M. Makely, W. F, Green, A. M. Merritt, A. J. Boyd, J. S. Lockhart, H. B. Short, R. P. Waring, J. B. Holman, R. J Holmes, J. W. Aspaugh, Fifer Erwin, W. F. Brease, M, C. Toms,

If you have ever indulged in eating take a dose of Simmons Liver Regulator.

The commencement exercises of Chowan Baptist Female Institute at Murfreesboro will take place May 31 and June 1.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

AN old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary, the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Send by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

The revenue folks say that a general advance all along the line on illicit distillers may soon be expected. The government is determined to break up the business. Collector White has his war paint on and he has many trusted subordinates who will see that his orders are strictly carried out. Law-breakers will have a lively time ahead of them.—Raleigh Visitors.

A GOLD WATCH AND $240.

This is what every Agent receives who gets up a Club on our $1 per week plan.

Our 14 karet gold-filled cases are warranted for 20 years. Fine Elgin or Waltham movement. Stem wind and set, Ladies or Gents size. Equal to any $50 watch To secure agents where we have none, we sell one of the Hunting Case Watches for the Club price $28 and send C. O. D. by express with privilege of examination before paying for same.

Our agent at Durham, N. C, writes "Our Jewelers have confessed they don't know how you can furnish such work for the money."

One good reliable agent wanted for each plce. Write for particulars.

EMPIRE WATCH CO.,
11-4 '91. 1.yr. New York

Plymouth Beacon: Some unknown person entered the jewelry store of Mr. N. B. Yeager on Saturday night and took therefrom watches, &c, to the amount of about $150. The same night some one broke into the saloon of Messrs Woodard & Everett, taking therefrom about 50 cents in change and a pistol.

And those troubled with the distressing troubles resulting from care or overwork will be relieved by taking *Brown's Iron Bitters*. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper

LADIES ARE UNFORTUNATE,

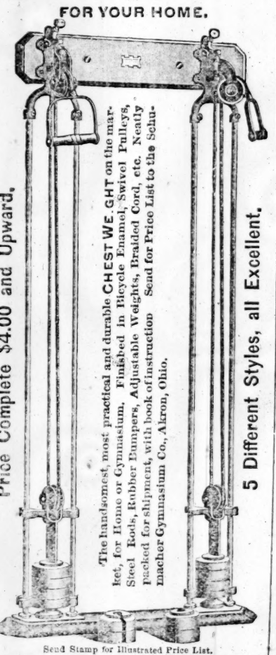
because the higher they rise in society the weaker they find themselves bodily. Risley's Philotoken controls the nerves, aids nature in her various functions, and thus combats with the many ills of womankind successfully. If your druggist has not got it he will order it for you for $1 a bottle, from Chas. F. Risley, Wholesale Druggist, 62 Courtlandt St, New York. Send for a descriptive pamphlet, with directions and certificates from many ladies who have used it and can't say enough in favor of Risley's Philotoken. Mar, 16-1 yr,

LIPPMAN'S PYRAFUGE. LIPPMAN BROS., Proprietors, Depot ts. Lippman's Block, SAVANNAH GA. PPP CURES SCROFULA PPP CURES BLOOD POISON PPP CURES RHEUMATISM PPP CURES MALARIA

KAYTON'S OIL of LIFE. The Best Liniment in the World CURES PAINS IN THE BACK, JOINTS SIDE, & ALSO RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA HEADACHE, ETC. KAYTON'S OIL of LIFE IS AN OLD GERMAN LINIMENT & Expels pain quickly. LIPPMAN BROS. SAVANNAH, GA. SOLE AGENTS IN THE U. S.

—FOR SALE BY—
GRIGGS & CARTWRIGHT
AND
ALEX. WADSWORTH.

BOSTON CHEST WEIGHT FOR YOUR HOME.


The handsomest, most practical and durable CHEST WEIGHT on the market, for Home or Gymnasium. Finished in Bicycle Enamel, Swivel Pulleys, Steel Rods, Rubber Bumpers, Adjustable Weights, Braided Cord, etc. Neatly packed for shipment, with book of instruction Send for Price List to the Schumacher Gymnasium Co., Akron, Ohio.

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COR. ROAD AND FEARING STS,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SING LEE, PROPRIETOR.

Having permantly located here I give notice that I will do all kinds of Laundry work in the neatest and best manner. With eight years experience in Norfolk I am prepared to give satisfaction.

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Fashionable Milliners,
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Stencils ready at a moment's notice

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SPECIALTY IN BLUE-FISH & SHAD
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S. E. Cor. Pratt & Charles Streets,
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ORDER DIRECT SAVE AGENTS COMMISSION
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CUSHION AND PNEUMATIC TIRES
WARRANTY WITH EVERY WHEEL
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Wash your face,
Wash your hands,
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Wash babies heads,
Wash out stains,
Wash away dandruff,
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AGENTS WANTED, SALARY OR COMMISSION.
SAMPLES MAILED FREE.

EXCELLENT COFFEE
THE exquisite taste and flavor of Vienna Coffee can only be obtained by using two parts of Coffee to one part of
EMIL SEELIG'S KAFFEE
This is the best, cheapest and most healthful coffee mixture.
A DELICIOUS
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Ask Your Grocer for It.
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LOW ARM
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OUR FAVORITE SINGER
Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers
Sent on trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers, Save Profits of Commissions, Rent Bogus Machines. Address for Circulars and Testimonials.
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This new treatment for Catarrh and diseases of the respiratory organs is one of the most important discoveries in medical science and possesses the following advantages:
1. The patient can cure himself at a small expense and without outside assistance.
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FREE TREATMENT at any drug store.
CACTERINE AND INSUFFLATOR, $2.00.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
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PURE CREAM-TARTAR POWDER
ENDORSED BY
PROF A. L. METZ, P. H. G,
of Medical Department Tulane University of Louisiana, who, after a careful analysis, pronounces it a pure Cream Tartar Powder, which he cheerfully recommends to the public.
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PURE, WHOLESOME AND POWERFUL.
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PURE STEEL
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Metallic Weather Boarding,
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All forms of Sheet Metal for Building (COMPLETE AND READY TO APPLY WHEN SHIPPED.)
WE WANT —AN— AGENT
In this town—an energetic workman to take order, and APPLY our materials in this vicinity.
Correspondence solicited; write for prices and terms.
SCOTT & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

SELF-CLOSING
OILY WASTE CAN
A PLACE FOR EVERYTHING

EVERYTHING IN ITS PLACE
GREAT FIRE PRECAUTION
A NECESSITY
In the Factory, Engine Room, Machine Shop, Plumbers' and Painters' Shops, and any place where oily waste or clothes are used. They are acknowledged by all to be the best thing for the purpose ever invented.
SEND FOR PRICES AT ONCE.
Frank E. Fitts M'f'g & Supply Co.,
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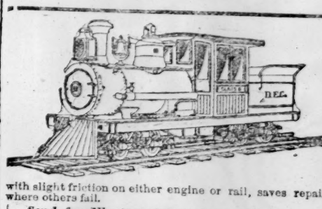
COMPLEXION
POWDER: SAFE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING. 1.2.3.
THREE Shades: White, Flesh, Brunette. POZZONI'S All Druggists and Fancy Stores. TINTS



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It adjusts automatically at will of occupant to any position; a slight effort of the hand will keep it swinging.
The head, back, limbs and feet are all supported, giving perfect comfort and rest. Ask your furniture dealer to show you a sample.
It is easily folded and occupies very small space.
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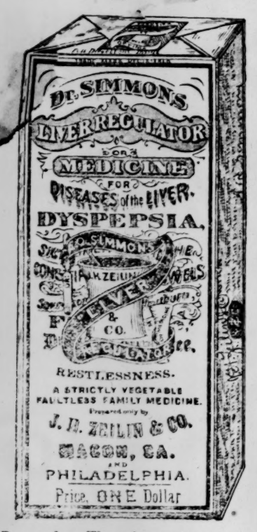

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Collector of Customs—Palemon John. Postmaster—C. Gurkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor.

Colored. Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Griggs, W. M., D. B. Bradford Sec'y, and D. S. Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—W. S. Whitson, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council, No. 1209—Fred. Davis, Regent; M. B. Culpepper Secretary, C. E. Kramer, Treas.

American Legion of Honor—J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Eagle, Dictator; J. H. Burgess, Reporter; J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lasley, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Butkins. Sheriff, Tho's P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education. W. J. Griffin, R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep.

—MISCELLANEOUS.—

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Repairing, Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

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At the Old Stand on Road Street
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East Main Street,
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DEALER IN COAL

COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
All Orders filled Promptly.
All coal is screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.
Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C

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OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington
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C. A. Snow & Co.
OPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,
Washington, D. C.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, May 18, 1892.

☞ Picnics will soon be the order of the day.

☞ The p tato bug is putting in an appearance,

☞ There was a big fire at Greenville on the night of the 8th inst.

☞ Democratic "bossism" has about "run to seed" in Pasquotank.

☞ Again the CAROLINIAN urges upon the farmers of this section to *diversify.*

☞ Mr Henry Elliott, a worthy citizen of New Hope, Perquimans county, died on the 7th inst, aged about 55 years.

☞ The Grand Stand at the Elizabeth City Fair Grounds will be sold at public sale at the Court House door at 12 o'clock M, on Saturday, the 21st inst.

☞ Corinth Baptist Church, at Cartwright's School House, this county, will be dedicated on Sunday, May 29th. The sermon will be preached by Dr. J. J. Hall, of Raleigh.

☞ As in Pasquotank, so in Pamlico, the "straight-outs" bolted the Democratic Convention on the 7th inst. There were only 6 of the latter, but, as here, they got together in a room and "elected" another set of delegates

☞ The howl of "nigger" is losing its efficacy as a rallying slogan. Said a Pasquotank Alliance Democrat the other day: "We have been hearing the danger of "nigger rule" dinned in our ears for over twenty years, and we are getting a little tired of it." The truth is, the people don't nor won't scare as easily as they used to.

☞ The closing exercises of the State Colored Normal School will begin at the Court House to-night, and continue to morrow and Friday nights. On to-morrow night the Annual Address will be delivered by Rev. C. S. Brown, editor of the Baptist *Pilot* and principal of the Normal Institute at Winton. A special invitation is extended to the white citizens to attend each night.

☞ Prof. Geo. T. Winston, President of the University at Chapel Hill, will accept our thanks for a special invitation to attend the Commencement exercises. The program is elaborate, beginning with the Baccalaurate sermon by Dr. Carlton on the 29th inst, with special exercises, addresses, orations, etc, on the 30th and 31st, closing with orations by members of the graduating class and an address by Hon. Jno. G. Carlisle on June 1st.

☞ Elizabeth City needs more new industries. We want more manufacturing enterprises started. Let capitalists be encouraged to come among us and invest in and build them. It isn't big, but numerous smaller ones we ought to have. The experience of prosperous towns is that it is better to secure ten plants employing fifty hands each than one employing five hundred. It is the many small industries that add to the general prosperity.

☞ While the CAROLINIAN cannot endorse some of the theories advanced by the Alliance, it acknowledges full sympathy with them in their struggle in this State for the right of every man to think and act for himself. The Democratic masses, quite too long for the real interests of the country, have been bound down on the Procustean bed of the bourbon leaders, and in their efforts to break the chords the CAROLINIAN gives them God speed.

☞ The Democratic County Convention on Wednesday last—the proceedings of which is reported in another column—resulted as the CAROLINIAN predicted. The Alliance members from the country captured and controlled it from "start to finish." The harangue and appeal of the spokesman of the "straight outs," made to avert the impending downward stroke of the uplifted Alliance axe, had about as much effect as the whistling wind about the Court House dome. The edict had evidently been passed and registered in caucus conclave that no man unfriendly to the Alliance should be elected a delegate and, with obdurate inflexibility, it was executed! That the out-voted "straight-outs" should have felt sore goes without saying, but to secede and place themselves in the attitude of "bolters" was a political blunder—an act of short-sighte ness sagacious politicians never commit the folly of doing. The parting salute, so vociferously hurled at them on their way out, was an additional irritant to the soreness from their snubbing, causing one of them to vent his feelings by declaring that the "Alliance delegation played h—l and have broken up the Democratic party in Pasquotank.' If that is so they have done at least one good day's work, for which the CAROLINIAN commends them. In the meantime let the merry fight continue.

—Do you want to live in your own county and build up a business that will insure you a good living? If so, address "Business," P. O. Box 236, Norfolk, Va.

☞ If you want the news you have got to take the CAROLINIAN.

—— Fowler & Co mean business ALL THE TIME and propose to merit your patronage.

☞ The Roanoke Missionary Baptist Association, colored, is holding its 27th annual session at Plymouth this week.

—— 2800 pair elastic suspenders at 10 cents per pair at Fowler & Co.

☞ The Episcopal Council convenes here to-day, and will continue three days. Services each day as follows: From 10 a. m. to 12.30 p. m.; from 2 to 4:30 p. m. and at 8 p. m.

☞ Fear is the most skillful general in the world, because he has the most exhaustive knowledge of human nature. He seldom attacks any two men from the same side, and seldom makes a mistake as to the vulnerable place in a man's armor.

—— LARGEST STORE, LARGEST STOCK, Lowest prices in Eastern North Carolina at Fowler & Co's.

☞ The enchanting variations of merry May have ceased to enchant. It is time for the the giddy maiden to abandon her capricious moods and settle down to business.

—— A bargain for the ladies in white pearl buttons at Fowler & Co's.

☞ Attention is called to the advertisement 'Agents Wanted." Mr Wilson is the inventor of an appliance of very decided merit—one when once seen and understood will be wanted. Call at his office on corner of Fearing & Water streets and examine it.

☞ The greatest and most lasting happiness comes by first thinking, then planning, and lastly feeling. When realization comes, thinking and planning cease, and we only feel. But if we feel first, the thinking and planning, which are an inevitable part, comes tagging along afterwards when they are not wanted and spoils everything.

—— Call on Robinson & Co for Paints oils, lead, zinc, lime, plaster, hair, cement

☞ Work is man's normal condition. Without it life soon becomes not only useless, but unendurable, and yet there are people who seem always seeking to avoid labor. Everywhere those communities are most happy and prosperous where every man, woman and child is doing something—where industry is the rule and idleness the exception.

—— WANTED. 20,000 ladies to look at the large assortment of white and black summer dress goods at Fowler & Co's. New styles, reasonable prices.

☞ Said a hitherto active Democrat since Wednesday's Convention: "Our party in this county is now like a ship drifting at sea, without sail or rudder. The official head having *seceded*, there is no one to legally call a Convention to elect delegates to the Senatorial and Congressional Conventions or to nominate a county ticket." It is a "pretty kettle of fish" for the party, isn't it?

—— There are about 10,000 people in Pasquotank county, and if every one was to buy a pair of shoes the same day at Fowler & Co's store, there would still be some left for the other counties.

☞ In conversing with an intelligent gentleman the other day on National politics he said, "I have always been a Democrat, and I doubted the wisdom of passing the McKinley bill; but I must confess that I was in error. I have closely watched its effects and I find that it has been favorable not only in developing old industries but in encouraging new ones, and now I faver it and will vote for it." And this feeling is growing.

—— BACKED DOWN. Italy called off the fence and will send a minister to this country. Chili got cool almost as fast as she got hot, but Robinson & Co keep aight on selling those splendid California goods, No. 1 Mackerel, Country Hams, Beef Tongue and Sugar-cured Meats of all kinds

LOCAL MENTION

The CAROLINIAN extends a cordial welcome to the delegates to the Episcopal Council.—The Queen of May has still been wearing flannel.—Superintendent Barnes has a force of hands at work on the streets.—A man never knows what he can do until he tries, and then he is sometimes sorry that he found out.—It was a sight to behold, that of a Democratic chairman and a democratic editor going out as "bolters" from a Democratic Convention!—The "cold spell" didn't make "M-a-y" spell spring.—Accepting a kind invitation the other day from our popular Livery man Mr. T. S. White the editor erjoyed a delightful ride behind his match team of spanking bays.—Some of the democratic chickens hereabout are coming home to roost!—Rev. J. F. Love was here on Thursday on a short visit to his parents Mr. and Mrs. David Love, on Ehringhaus street. As he always does, he gave the CAROLINIAN a friendly call. Having accepted a call from one of the Baptist Churches at Baltimore, he left on Friday for that city.—It's dollars to doughnuts that some of the bolters and seceders now wish that they *hadn't!*—The largest turnips and the biggest onions we have seen this season have been laid on our table by Mr. Geo. D. Pool. They show what the "Trucker" fertilizer, of which he is agent, will do.—Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Raper, of Edenton, spent several days here last week.—The Versifier says:

The iceman now begins to look
With hopefulness towards summer,
And in a measure he concludes
The coalman is a bummer.

—The first samples of this year's growth of Irish potatoes were laid on our table the other day by Mr. W. C. Bowser, of Manteo. They were about the size of hen's eggs.—Spring has been backward, unusually so. The question difficult to determine is, whether her conduct is due to coyness or cold feet.—A delegation from Roanoke Island, consisting of W. C. Bowser, W. J. Driver, N. J. Simmons and W. B. Daniels, called on Thursday and paid their respects to the CAROLINIAN. Call again—Mr. E. C. Willie has again taken charge of Pailin's Ship Yard. Several improvements are about to be made.—Imitation is the sincerest flattery.—The CAROLINIAN acknowledges a call the other day from W. W. Morrisett esq, of Shiloh.—"Johnnie," asked his papa, "did you break some rule that the teacher had to whip you?" "No papa," replied Johnnie, "I didn't break any rule, but the teacher she hit me so hard that she broke her'n."—The local rhymer remarks:

The gloss is worn off the Easter hat
And few of its beauties to-day make mention,
But life for the maid isn't stale or flat,
For the bathing suit now claims attention.

—The CAROLINIAN the past few weeks has been going like hot cakes. We are again obliged to issue a number of half sheets to supply this week's extra demand.—Mr. B. F. Sykes, formerly of Tyrrell but now a resident here, gave the CAROLINIAN an entertaining call the other day. He is a staunch Republican and is well grounded in the faith,—The action at the Convention here last Wednesday throws a decided tinge of blood on the face of the Democratic moon. It looks that unless something can be done at once to placate the mossbacks, two opposing factions will result.—Money is not exactly a religious article, but still it has a denomination of its own.—'Love makes the world go round," said he. "Yes, and marriage makes it stop for repairs," said she.—A Third Ward boy was asked his idea of happiness. He said: "To have a good time and be let alone." Isn't that what we all want?—The inside of the Episcopal Church has been neatly repainted, very much improving its appearance.—Mrs. Jas. P. Grandy *nee* Alice Pendleton, is visiting her friends and acquaintences here.—The local political situation may be thus stated:

The Democrats are "cussing" mad,
The Alliance have 'em "on the hip,"
The Republicans ain't feeling bad,
They simply say, "boys, let 'er rip."

—Our popular young contractor G. O. Bramble was summoned last week to the bedside of his brother at Baltimore who died soon after he reached home. Mr. Bramble's many friends here sympathise with him in his sad bereavement.—The Rambler reports a number of new buildings on the South side; also more started in the Western and Northern extensions of the City. The work continues going on.—The Government Sloop "Alert," of the Life Saving Service, is undergoing a general overhauling at Pailin's Ship Yard.—Mrs. Lieutenant Chayter, of Key West, Florida, is here to spend the summer.—Major J. W. Greene, of Alexandria, Va., arrived on Saturday on a visit to his daughter Mrs. Rev. L. L. Williams. The CAROLINIAN acknowledges a call.—The machinery of the Oil Mill is being taken down to remove to Texas. The building will be fitted up for a large Shingle Factory.—Dossey Battle esq, of Tarboro, delivered an address at the Court House on Thursday night, explanatory of the Keeley Cure for the Drink Habit, and has spent several days here. The CAROLINIAN acknowledges several pleasant calls. Mr. Battle is an old newspaper man, and as a writer has few superiors.—Cards are out for the marriage of Mr. Geo. F. Greene, of Berkley, to Miss Annie Gaskins, of this place, at the Episcopal Church on June 1.—Mr. W. A. Allegood, of Washington, is in town and gave this office a call.—Mr. H. M. Fearing, now at Norfolk, spent the Sabbath with his family here.—The rite of Baptism was administered at the usual place on Sunday to several candidates by Rev. C. A. G. Thomas.—"Is the Chinese Exclusion Bill Right?" was the subject discussed at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Monday night. G. W. Ward esq, Mr. N. E. Vowles and others spoke in the affirmative and Rev. Dr. Johnson, Mr. J. P. Overman and others in the negative, mainly on the ground that it was in violation of our existing treaty, and so the judges decided.—Corn at Elizabeth City 46 cents, with an upward tendency.—Just before going to press Mr W G Pool, of Newbegun Creek, laid samples of potatoes on our table still larger than any we have seen,

A medicine endorsed and used by physicians and druggist—Simmons Liver Regulator.

Caterpillars are doing some damage in the western part of the State.

My only family medicine—Simmons Liver Regulator.—Rev. Jas. M. Rollins, Fairfield, Va.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Pasquotank Democratic Convention.

[REPORTED FOR THE CAROLINIAN.]

Pursuant to the call of E. F. Lamb, chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, the delegates from the several townships of Pasquotank met in Convention at the Court House on the 11th inst. After a long speech, boiling with furious abuse of the Republican party, Mr. Lamb called the Convention to order, when Col. Creecy, of the *Economist-Falcon*, moved that Geo. M. Scott, of Elizabeth City, be permanent chairman, but this being declared "too previous," on motion of O. F. Bexter jr, T. M. Riddick, of Nixonton, was elected temporary chairman. A committee on permanent organization reported the name of Dr W. S. Temple, of Newland, for permanent chairman. A committee, consisting of one from each township, was then appointed to select and suggest delegates to the State Convention. The following were reported: O. F. Baxter jr, M. G. Gregory, J. C. Perry, Jeptha Winslow, S. P. Wilson and E. F. Lamb. This brought Mr. Lamb again to his feet in a request that as Elizabeth City gives nearly one-half of the democratic votes of the entire county, she be given *two* delegates, and on behalf of the request he made a begging appeal. It was followed by a motion to reject the report, which was adopted, whereupon Mr. Lamb, Col. Creecy with the balance of the Elizabeth City delegation, excepting Messrs. J. B. Flora and G. M. Scott, got up and stalked out of the Court House amid the laughing jeers and derisive yells of "third party" by those remaining. A motion was then made and adopted that the chairman appoint the delegates, which he did by appointing the list named by the committee, excepting E. F. Lamb, for whom J. W. Temple was substituted.

The seceders, or "straight outs" as they call themselves, met in another room and appointed the following as delegates: T. C. Perry, M. J. Sawyer, E. F. Lamb, Cader Jennings, James M. Weeks, C. H. Robinson and G. M. Scott.

Why do you endure the agony of dyspepsia? Simmons Liver Regulator will always cure you.

Strength and Health.

If you are not feeling strong and healthy try Electric Bitters. If "La Grippe" has left you weak and weary use Electric Bitters. This remedy acts directly on liver, stomach and kidneys, gently aiding these organs to perform their functions. If you are afflicted with sick headache you will find speedy and permanent relief by taking Electric Bitters. One trial will convince you that this is the remedy you need. Large bottles only 50c at Alex. Wadsworth's drug store

Deputy Collector Hall reports to Collector White the seizure of several teams in Robeson county which were owned by the dealers in blockade whiskey. These dealers have as many aliases as the toughest criminal.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES
Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing it is general debility. Try
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It will cure you and give a good appetite. Sold by all Dealers in medicine.

Agents Wanted.

Three or four persons, who understand Electrical appliances, are wanted to put up the ELECTRIC BURGLAR & FIRE ALARM BELLS of which I am the Inventor. Office over Mrs. Overton's Millinery Store, on corner of Water & Fearing streets, Elizabeth City, N. C.
D. W. WILSON.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

GRAND SALE
—OF—
TOWN LOTS
—IN—
Elizabeth City, N.C.
THE IMPROVEMENT COMPANY OF ELIZABETH CITY, OFFER **EIGHTY-FIVE LOTS**, ALL LOCATED in the corporate limits, at the uniform price of $140 each, $10 CASH and $10 each month until paid, WITHOUT INTEREST. These Lots are the most desirable and best located of any offered for sale in the City, beginning on Main St., only four squares from the Court House. Each Lot is now worth more than the price, and many of them two, three and four times the price.
In this sale the Company reserve every alternate lot for sale privately.
The entire net proceeds of this sale is to be expended in improvements on the property.
SITES FOR FACTORIES
located on the Norfolk & Southern R. R which passes through the Company' property, will be GIVEN AWAY.
Plans and full particulars of distribution of Lots furnished on application
Buy a Lot! Don't Get Left!
E. F. AYDLETT, President; T. G. SKINNER, Vice President; G. M. SCOTT, Sec. & Treasurer.
DIRECTORS:—E. F. AYDLETT, C. H. ROBINSON, T. G. SKINNER, D. S. KRAMER, J. B. PINNER, G. M. SCOTT, T. S. WHITE.
For further information apply to the Company or to N. E. Vowles & Co., Real Estate Agents, Elizabeth City, N. C.

—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in Effect June 1st, 1891.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City at 7.30 A. M., and on Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.00 P. M.; Northbound, daily except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.00 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.00 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all rail and steamer lines, and at Edenton with steamers for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong rivers. Transfer steamer to Manney's Ferry (Va.) by N. & S. R. R. to Roper, Tantego and Belle Haven. Connecting with steamer daven bone for bay river, South Creek, &c.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH
FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant steamer NEUSE leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M. for Newberne, connecting with the N. & S. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c., and with the R. & G. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c., returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Hobucken going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. S. & P. S. S. Co., Brevoort Street Station, Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station, New York by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harvey, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Rail Road, Norfolk, Va.

M. E. KING, General Manager.
H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt.

Norfolk and North Carolina CANAL COMPANY.

S. W. GARY, Superintendant.

The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water, lighter-built vessels four feet.

The Locks will admit vessels 96 feet and 10½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binder, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,
C. W. Grice & Bro, Props
Corner Main and Road Sts,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.
TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

HOTEL MERRIAM.
WATER STREET.
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.
J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.
HERTFORD, N. C.
Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.
Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel
Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.
This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public.
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired
Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers
Terms Reasonable.
J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

-- P. EWELL, --
Practical Watch-maker and Jeweler
Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING, and all work guaranteed for twelve months.
SEE SIGN BIG WATCH,
Water St, (next door to Overman's cor)
Elizabeth City, N. C.
19 Years Experience at Bench.
Any rec

JOHNNIE
Will they go? Well, I should say so! You could not hold the bargains with a two-inch rope. Should you make a visit to our store and
- GET YOUR -
eyes on the wonderful bargains there offered you will without delay put
- - GUN - -
—not a
but your pocket book and go home loaded down with the purest and best goods the market affords. Call and see how it works.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Crockery, Tin-ware, Queensware, Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Cement, &c &c

ROBINSON & CO.
Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, N. C

ELIZABETH CITY CRYSTAL ICE COMPANY
Flora & Brockett, Proprietors.
PURE ICE IN 200 POUND BLOCKS AT Wholesale and Retail,
Cheaper and better than river or pond ice.
Nothing equal to it for the household.
Or for Fish Oysters, &c.
Quotations cheerfully given. Special prices for fifty or more tons.
ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

J. B. FLORA. JAS. G. MORRISETTE.
J. B. FLORA & CO.
AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRICES
That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months. Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues increase.
Here's Food for Thought
in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have families to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty years and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be best served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you
To Examine Our Stock of
Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, Lead, Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandler Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.
Quotations Cheerfully Given. Lowest Prices Guaranteed.
New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.
Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at
FOWLER & CO'S
WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

NOTICE THIS!
And after you read this advertisement call at my store and examine my stock of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and HATS, &c., &c, and if you see my goods
you will be sure to make a purchase that will please you and make you a customer ever afterwards. Call and look at my stock.
R. SALOMONSKY
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.
Oh my! Have you seen the new Mather Fastening Kid Gloves? No buttons! No hooks! and so convenient. Every pair warranted. They are for sale by Salamonsky.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE
Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,
Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.
Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.
THE BEST PEOPLE
are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.
All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality.
MOSES WEISEL.
WATER ST, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniture, Wares and Stationery.
I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of
Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.
Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES! Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low,
If you Want to Save Money Call and See Me
P. W. MELICK,
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

Japanese Crystal Balls.

Crystal balls, the most valuable stone which Japan furnishes, are those called rock crystal, or sui-sho (zuki-ye) crystallized water. These, balls, which are cut out of colorless crystal, reflect beautifully the forms of objects around. Their value increases with the purity of the stone. They are found in many of the mountains, and are ground and polished into perfection only by the use of (kongo-sha) diamond sand, which comes in the form of little round grains and which show more or less distinctly the garnet structure. These crystal balls are very fine and handsome, and add greatly to any curio collection. They are hard to distinguish from diamonds, and range in price from about four dollars to six hundred dollars.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Another National Park.

The Alpine Club of Portland, Oregon, wants the Government to reserve Mount Hood as a National Park. The only value that the land possess is the magnificent timbers that covers them, as they are too mountainous for settlement, and the object of the Alpine Club is the preservation of these timbers and the water that has its sources in them. The denudation of the land would probably have a disastrous effect on Hood River and injure the agricultural conditions of Hood River Valley, which at present is one of the most delightful and productive spots in the State.—New Orleans Picayune.

Africa is 234 times as large as the State of New York.

Mr. Clarence O. Bigelow
Prescription Druggist,
102 6th Ave., N. Y. City, says

The People's Confidence
Has been won by

HOOD'S
Sarsaparilla

In a Manner Never Equalled.

"I am, on general principles, averse to expressing my views, proor con, in respect to any proprietary article, but in the light of Hood's Sarsaparilla being the product of a brother apothecary, will say, Hood's Sarsaparilla has secured **a place in the public confidence** never attained by any proprietary medicine that I have handled during an experience of more than twenty years in the drug trade. It

Must Possess True Merit

as a remedial agent to retain its increasing popularity as a household remedy. The sale of Hood's Sarsaparilla exceeds that of all similar preparations combined, of which I keep in stock some fifteen or twenty. Its

Praises are Proclaimed

daily at my counter by those who have been benefited by it, many of whom are personal acquaintances." CLARENCE O. BIGELOW, Apothecary.

Hood's Pill's cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache.

"German Syrup"

I am a farmer at Edom, Texas. I have used German Syrup for six years successfully for Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Pains in Chest and Lungs and Spitting-up of Blood. I have tried many kinds of Cough Syrups in my time, but let me say to anyone wanting such a medicine—German Syrup is the best. We are subject to so many sudden changes from cold to hot, damp weather here, but in families where German Syrup is used there is little trouble from colds. John F. Jones. 49

DR. KILMER'S
SWAMP-ROOT
Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure.

Rheumatism,
Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflamation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of bladder.

Disordered Liver,
Impaired digestion, gout, billious-headache, **SWAMP-ROOT** cures kidney difficulties, *La Grippe*, urinary trouble, bright's disease.

Impure Blood,
Scrofula, malaria, gen'l weakness or debility.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if no benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free. DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

The old saying that "consumption can be cured if taken in time" was poor comfort. It seemed to invite a trial, but to anticipate failure. The other one, not so old, "consumption can be cured," is considered by many false.

Both are true and not true; the first is prudent—one cannot begin too early.

The means is careful living. Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil is sometimes an important part of that.

Let us send you a book on CAREFUL LIVING—free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York.
Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. $1. 33

Ely's Cream Balm
QUICKLY CURES
COLD IN HEAD
Price 50 Cents.
Apply Balm into each nostril, ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

CONDITION OF CROPS.

The Monthly Report of the Government Statistician.

The State of Winter Wheat and the Cotton Acreage.

The statistical returns of the United States Department of Agriculture for May indicate an average condition of 84 for wheat, against 81.2 last month. The weather has been too cold for rapid growth, yet the crop has improved perceptibly. The change in the central wheat region is from 71 to 75 in Ohio, 83 to 84 in Michigan, 75 to 85 in Indiana, 82 to 86 in Illinois, 72 to 74 in Missouri, and 76 to 80 in Kansas. In Michigan April weather was quite severe, causing considerable "heaving" in clay soils that nearly offset the improvement in other areas. Low temperature prevented much improvement in Missouri. Condition has slightly declined in California, yet the prospect is still good on the Pacific Coast.

The condition of rye has advanced from 87 to 88.9. Winter barley averages 92.8. The percentage of New York is 92; California, 94; Illinois, 96; Michigan, 88. Mowing land is have suffered some loss of condition from winter freezing, but make a higher average than the winter grains, or 89.6 for the entire breadth. The condition of pastures average 87.5.

The proportion of spring plowing usually done on May 1 is a little above three-fourths for the whole country, or 76.6 per cent. as reported. The present season has been cold and unfavorable for rapid progress of spring work, and the proportion returned as done is only 64.6 per cent. In the Eastern States temperature has been high, and the work is more advanced than usual. From Pennsylvania to Virginia there has been slight excess of rainfall, with low temperature, which has hindered spring work. In the central West slight departure from normal precipitation has occurred, with some deficiency of heat, with such distribution as to delay farm operations, which are not so well advanced as usual in this region. The Pacific Coast has been comparatively cool, and spring plowing has been delayed. Altogether the spring may be considered late, and the work of the farm crowded into narrow limits.

The May returns to the Department report delay in the work of cotton planting from low temperature, drouth in many districts, and in some an excess of rain. Germination is arrested and the plants start slowly. Some replanting will be necessary. It is estimated that 85 per cent. of the crop is usually planted by May 1. This year the estimates make only 78.3.

The decrease of area as indicated averages 18.6 per cent. The percentages are as follows: Virginia, 72; North Carolina, 70; South Carolina, 80; Georgia, 83; Florida, 80; Alabama, 85, Mississippi, 83; Louisiana, 82; Texas, 82; Arkansas, 80; Tennessee, 74; Missouri, 74.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

SIR EDWIN ARNOLD has returned to Japan.

SENATOR SHERMAN, of Ohio, is a staunch defender of the Chinese.

THE Queen of Portugal invariably sits by her husband while he does all his work.

GEORGE EIFFEL is said to have made $10,000,000 as his share in the Eiffel Tower at Paris.

WILLIAM ASTOR CHANLER, of New York, is going to Africa on an exploring expedition, with an army of 200 men

THE Prince of Wales attended an agricultural society meeting the other day, his first public appearance since his son's death.

COLONEL JEROME BONAPARTE is described as a man with the most correct taste in the matter of dining of any man in Washington.

A HOME for the homeless poor of all classes and all nations to be built in East London, as a memorial to the late Cardinal Manning.

PADEREWSKI began to play the piano when six years old. At twenty-three he was Professor of Music in the Conservatory of Strasburg.

GREAT preparations are being made at Rome, Italy, for the Pope's jubilee next year, when it is estimated over $30,000,000 in presents will be sent him.

CHARLES HENRY HARRIS, the humorist known as "Carl Pretzel," editor of the National Weekly, died in Chicago a few days ago. He was fifty-one years old.

ISIDORE RAYNER, the Maryland Representative, is one of the most promising of the younger orators in Congress, so it is said. But as he is forty years old, he has had time to win his spurs.

WHEN Rudyard Kipling was sixteen he had written quantities of stories and columns of verse. It was at that age that he was engaged to go to India as the sub-editor of a newspaper there.

THE death at Chicago, Ill., of Henry B. Bryant, founder of what has been called the "business college," accentuates the curious place that institution has in American life which gave it birth.

THE wife of ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio, is not only one of the brightest graduates from Vassar, but she has contributed not a little to her husband's political advancement.

SENATOR RANSOM, of North Carolina, had first one son and then another for Private Secretary in Washington. The second one looks so much like the first that most people fail to discover the substitution. The Senator's oldest son is now practicing law in Asheville.

JAMES GILLESPIE, whose body is to be removed from the abandoned cemetery in Georgetown, D. C., was a famous man in the early days of the century, when he was five times a Member of Congress from North Carolina. If he has any fame now it lies in the fact that he was Mr. Blaine's namesake.

CHARLES GAYARRE, the historian, of Louisiana, is living in a state of destitution in New Orleans, and the press of that city calls upon the people to rescue from want a man whose ripe scholarship and comprehensive works have reflected honor on the State. Mr. Gayarre is more than eighty years of age.

IT is more than fifty years since General Zachary Taylor was elected President at terminated his brief career in that office. His daughter, Bettie, now Mrs. Dandridge, of Winchester, Va., presided over the White House in those days. She is still living and is visiting friends in Baltimore at the present time. The Monumental City, by the way, is the home of another mistress of the Presidental mansion, Mrs. Harriet Lane Johnson.

STATE CONVENTIONS.

The Democrats Meet in New Hampshire, Missouri and Iowa.

Democratic State Conventions were held on the same day in New Hampshire, Missouri and Iowa.

The Democrats of New Hampshire assembled at Concord and adopted resolutions highly flattering to Grover Cleveland, and sat down upon Delegate Urch, who charged the ex-President with disloyalty to his party, and who endeavored to have inserted in the resolution the name of Senator Hill in place of Mr. Cleveland. The delegates-at-large are: Harry Bingham, of Littleton; Frank Jones, of Portsmouth; Alvah W. Sulloway, of Franklin, and George W. Chandler, of Manchester. The delegation is uninstructed, but favors Cleveland's renomination.

At the Democratic State Convention at Sedalia, Mo., delegates-at-large were elected to the National Convention. Resolutions were adopted favoring the renomination of Grover Cleveland.

At Council Bluffs over eight hundred delegates attended the Iowa Democratic Convention, and pronounced their unshaken fealty to Horace Boies for President of the United States by a unanimous vote, and without a dissenting voice either in committee or in Convention. Resolutions were adopted instructing the twenty-six delegates of the Hawkeye State to vote as a unit for Governor Boies, and use every effort in their power to secure his nomination for the Presidency.

SIXTY PERSONS DROWNED.

A Raft Upsets and Men, Women and Children Thrown Into the River.

A great lumber raft, carrying 100 men, women and children, who lived on board during the trip down the river, went to pieces on snags near Brody, in Galicia, in a high wind. All on board were thrown into the river.

Sixty were drowned. The rest clung to logs and boards from the raft until help reached them from the shore. About forty of the bodies were recovered and laid side by side on the river bank. The raft was defectively constructed and the owners will be prosecuted.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

WILLIE COLLIESSY, aged eleven, was killed at Watertown, Mass., by Willie Reordan, about the same age, with a pitchfork

CHARLES H. PINKHAM, Jr., ex-President of the Bank of Harlem, New York City, has been indicted and arrested for swindling the bank out of a large sum of money, estimated at $73,000.

HENRY M. MILLER, ex-Treasurer of Crawford County, Penn., is under arrest charged with the embezzlement of $50,000 of the county's funds. He says the money was deposited in the Delamaters' bank the day before that institution failed.

SIX of the ten buildings of Schwartzchild & Sulzberger's slaughter house in New York City were burned down, causing a loss of $200,000.

TWO daughters of Thomas Frondsman, of Hornellsville, N. Y., four and eight years of age, attempted to walk across a narrow temporary foot bridge which crosses Crosby Creek, which was much swollen by the recent heavy rains. The eldest child was carrying her sister, and when about the middle of the bridge she lost her balance and both fell into the rapid current and were swept into the Canisteo River.

WILLIAM ASTOR'S body arrived at New York City from Paris by the steamer La Bourgogne for interment in the Astor vault Mrs. William Astor, the widow of the great millionaire, and her daughter, Mrs. Coleman Drayton, accompanied the body.

AFTER shooting and killing his wife in Canarsie, Long Island, N. Y., Abel Smith, a colored laborer, aged twenty-three, threw himself before a train and was instantly killed. His wife, Miranda, was a year younger than he.

HARRY MCCLOSKY, the twelfth victim of the Central Theatre fire, died in Philadelphia a few days ago.

MRS. MARGARET SCANLON, of Hyde Park, Scranton, Penn., killed her husband. She wanted to move to one part of a certain building, and he wished to go somewhere else. He laughed at her persistency, and she struck him with a hammer. The result was his death.

JOHN BRESNAHAN, a local politician, was killed by a pistol shot fired by John Crouch in a drunken brawl at Syracuse, N. Y., the sequel to a quarrel over a woman. Crouch then committed suicide.

THE Connecticut Democratic State Convention met at New Haven and elected delegates to the National Convention. Not a word was said as to instructing the delegation for any particular candidate, but they were all regarded as Cleveland men.

South and West.

THE bridge across the Tennessee River at Florence, Tenn., fell in, precipitating a freight train sixty feet into the water. The fireman was killed and the engineer and two brakemen fatally hurt.

L. D. SLAUGHTER and Thomas Bailey, colored murderers, were hanged at Little Rock, Ark.

THE United States war vessel Concord is at Helena, Ark. The residents have not seen a man-of-war there for thirty years.

THE only witnesses in the case against the Wyoming cattlemen have mysteriously disappeared.

THE water is nearly twenty feet above low water mark in the Illinois valley.

THE Republicans of Virginia met in State Convention at Roanoke, and after a two-days' session sent an uninstructed delegation to the National Convention, headed by ex-Senator William Mahone.

THE Arkansas Prohibition State Convention at Little Rock nominated Judge W. J. Nelson, of Rogers, Benton County, for Governor. The convention also nominated delegates to the National Convention at Cincinnati and a full set of Presidential Electors for the State.

A COLLEGE Interstate oratorical contest was held at Minneapolis, Minn., ten States contesting. Miss E. Jean Nelson, of Greencastle, Ind., captured first prize, $100, and Charles E. Geyer, of Wesleyan College, Delaware, Ohio, second.

AT Butler, Miss., George H. Ross, colored, was lynched a few days ago for an attempted assault on a white woman. Ross was hanged to a tree.

AT Wallington, Kan., John Timm shot and seriously wounded W. R. Warren, proprietor of a bank at Mulvane, which had failed soon after receiving a large deposit from Timm.

THE United States gunboat Concord dropped anchor in front of Memphis, Tenn. She is the largest naval vessel that ever reached that city, and the first since the days of the war. The United States war vessel Kearsage anchored off Savannah, Ga. The Philadelphia anchored off Tybee, Ga., and was joined by the Newark and the Vesuvius. The Kearsage was piloted by the old pilot of the Confederate Alabama.

A REPORT from Western Kentucky is that Buffalo gnats are causing great loss. It is estimated that 1000 horses have been killed by them.

THE World's Fair Commission, Chicago, Ill., has now only about $1000 on hand to pay salaries, rent, etc., for the remainder of the fiscal year ending June 30th. The expense account now averages about $5000 a month

THE United States man of war Adams and the revenue cutter Rusk sailed from Port Townsend, Washington, for the Bering Sea.

MISS ALICE LA RUE and Miss Katie Clark were drowned by the capsizing of their boat at Hamilton, Ohio.

THE strike of the 200 ironworkers on the World's Fair buildings at Chicago, Ill., resulted in a bloody collision with the police. The riot was due to the importation of men from New York, Pittsburg and Baltimore to take the place of the strikers who were employed in the Manufacturers' Building.

THE great Morganza Levee in Pointe Coupee Parish, the biggest levee in Louisiana, broke during a rain storm. The levee is twenty-five feet high and from sixty to 150 feet wide. It is one of the most important along the lower Mississippi, and at a point where a break must cause great damage.

NEWS was received of a terrible explosion which occurred in the coal mines at Roslyn, Washington. Forty-two miners, according to the first report, were killed in the disaster. The men were working on the fourth level. Roslyn is in Kittitass County, about seventy miles east of Tacoma. It is on a branch of the Northern Pacific Railroad, and has a population of about 1500.

THE Democratic Convention of New Mexico met at Albuquerque. The Committee on Resolutions reported in favor of the absolutely free and unlimited coinage of silver. The delegates to Chicago were selected, and, although they were uninstructed, all but one man favored Cleveland.

DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL WELLMAN, of the Blair Cattle Company, was shot near Cheyenne, Wyoming, and killed from ambush while on his way to Buffalo. Wellman has been in the employ of the cattlemen, and is the first victim of the vengeance of the rustlers.

DURING the night at the site of the old Foekler Brewery in West Dubuque, Iowa, a sound like an earthquake was heard, and next morning it was discovered that nearly an acre of ground had dropped into a subterranean lake which covers a vast body of mineral.

THE Republican State Convention of Montana, to select delegates to the National Convention, was held at Missoula. An uninstructed delegation was elected.

Washington.

CHAIRMAN WILCOX, of the Eleventh Census Committee, has appointed Messrs. Fithian, Bentley, Lawson, J. D. Taylor and Huff a sub-committee to investigate the Census Office.

SECRETARY BLAINE, General J. W. Foster and E. J. Phelps had a conference with the President at the White House in regard to the Bering Sea arbitration.

A PERMIT was issued from the Washington Health Office for the interment of Mary Ann Coleman, a colored woman, who died of old age. According to the death certificate, the deceased woman was born in Virginia in 1779, her age at the time of death being 112 years and eight months.

A CONCERTED movement is on foot in Washington to determine whether the Congressional consent can be obtained to the annexation of Hawaii.

A RIVER AND HARBOR BILL, carrying an appropriation of about $21,000,000, was passed by the House of Representatives by a vote of 186 to sixty-five.

THE bill granting an American registry to the steamers City of Paris and City of New York was passed by the United States Senate by a vote of forty to ten.

CHARLES EMORY SMITH, of Pennsylvania, United States Minister to Russia, formally tendered his resignation of that office to the President in order to resume his journalistic duties in Philadelphia.

THE House Committee on Elections decided the contested case of Reynolds against Shonk, of the Twelfth Pennsylvania District, in favor of Shonk, the sitting member, who is a Republican.

THE President approved "the act to encourage American shipbuilding" within an hour after its receipt from the House Committee on Enrolled Bills.

Foreign.

M. CRANTS, a member of the Chamber of Deputies, has been appointed French Commissioner-General of the World's Fair.

EUGENE WOLFF, special correspondent for the German colonies in Africa, telegraphed to his paper in Berlin that Arabs arriving at Zanzibar say that Emin Pasha is dead. He was stricken with small-pox while on his way from Wadeli to Bukoba.

SIX members of a family named Nieditz have died at Zeitz, Saxony, from the effects of some poison administered to them in dumplings, of which they partook at dinner.

THE insurrectionary movement in Venezuela has spread to Coro, and forces from that department are preparing to join Crespo.

THE Bering Sea treaty between the United States and Great Britain has been signed at London by Queen Victoria, Lord Salisbury and Minister Lincoln.

SCOTT'S famous Haymarket restaurant London, England, has been burned to the ground. Four waiters were burned to death.

IN a fight south of Los Teques, Venezuela, between Palacio's troops and insurgent lancers, the latter were defeated.

AFTER conferring with Signori Crispi and Zanardelli King Humbert, of Italy, asked Signor Giolitti to construct a Cabinet.

FIVE miners were killed and several injured by the breaking of a cage chain in a Belgian colliery. Three miners were crushed to death and two badly injured by a cave in at the Mouvers colliery, in Yorkshire, England.

AT an inspection of the Guards Emperor William, of Germany, called from the ranks and, before the whole regiment, complimented and shook hands with a sentry who recently shot two men, one of them being killed. The incident has caused a decidedly unfavorably impression.

SAW HER BABY DEVOURED.

Two of Her Children Killed by a Black Bear.

Mrs. Mary Carter, a widow, with a family of small children, is a raving maniac as a result of a raid upon her little cabin by a half starved black bear, in which two of her children lost their lives and one was half devoured before her eyes.

Her cabin stands upon a hillside some distance above the town of Mountain Home, Ark. A heavily wooded grove extends to it, with the exception of a small clearing immediately before the house. In this patch her five children were playing while the mother was engaged inside the cabin.

Suddenly the wild screaming of her children startled her. She saw an enormous bear strike down her oldest boy, who had bravely attempted to defend the children in his charge. The beast seized her baby and shuffled rapidly away. The animal tore the little one limb from limb before the mother's eyes, and before help arrived from the village completed his meal and escaped within the forest.

TERRIFIC WIND.

A Cyclone Cave Falls In and Destroys the Refugees.

A terrific cyclone passed over Anthony, Kan., creating havoc and consternation among the people. William Wilkins, his wife and five children, colored people, went into a cyclone cave to escape the storm.

The roof caved in, killing five children, ranging in age from six months to fourteen years. Wilkins and his wife were seriously hurt, but not fatally.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

20		
BEANS AND PEAS.		
Beans—Marrow, 1891, choice.	$1 95	@$2 00
Medium, 1891, choice....	1 60	@ 1 62½
Pea, 1891, choice.....	—	@ 1 65
White kidney, 1891, choice	—	@ 2 00
Red kidney, 1891, choice.	2 00	@ 2 10
Yellow eye, 1891, choice.	1 60	@ 1 65
Lima, Cal., per bush....	1 65	@ 1 75
Foreign, medium, 1891..	1 50	@ 1 55
Green peas, 1891, per bush....	—	@ 1 40
1891, bags.....	—	@ 1 35
1891, Scotch.....	—	@ 1 40
NEW BUTTER.		
Creamery—Penn, extras.....	21	@ 22
Elgin, extras.....	—	@ 21
Other West, extras.....	21	@ 21½
State dairy—half tubs, and pails, extras.....	—	@ 20
H. f. tubs and pails, 1sts.	18½	@ 19
H. f. tubs and pails, 2ds.	17	@ 18
Welsh tubs, extras.....	19	@ —
Welsh tubs, 1sts.....	18	@ 18½
Welsh tubs, 2ds.....	16	@ 17
Western—Im. creamery, 1sts.	15	@ 16
Im. creamery, 2ds.....	13	@ 14
Im. creamery, 3ds.....	12	@ 12½
Factory—Fresh, extras.....	—	@ —
Fresh, 1sts.....	12½	@ 13
Fresh, 2ds.....	—	@ 12
Rolls—Fresh extras.....	—	@ —
NEW CHEESE.		
State factory—Full cream, white, fine.....	—	@ 10¾
Full cream, fair to prime,	9¾	@ 10¾
Full cr. colored, fine....	10¾	@ —
Common to fair.....	9	@ 10
Part skims, choice.....	9	@ 9½
Part skims, fair to good..	7	@ 6¾
Part skims, common.....	5	@ 4
Full skims.....	1¾	@ 3
Pennsylvania—Skims.....	1	@ 2¾
EGGS.		
State and Penn—Fresh.....	16	@ —
Western—Fresh, fancy.....	15¾	@ —
Fresh, fair to good.....	—	@ —
Southern—Fresh, per doz....	14	@ 14½
Duck Eggs, Md., per doz....	18	@ 18¾
Goose Eggs, per doz.....	16	@ 20
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.		
Apples—Northern Spy, bbl..	3 25	@ 4 00
Spitzenberg, per bbl.....	—	@ —
Baldwin, per d. h. bbl..	3 25	@ 3 50
Greenings, per d. h. bbl.	3 25	@ 3 50
Grapes—Western N. Y., Catawba, 5 lb basket.....	—	@ —
Western N. Y., Concord.	—	@ —
Strawberries, Charleston, qt.	18	@ 28
HOPS.		
State—1891, choice, per lb...	28	@ —
1891, prime.....	26	@ 27
1891, common to good...	21	@ 25
1890, choice, per lb.....	20	@ 21
1890, common to prime..	14	@ 19
Old odds.....	7	@ 11
LIVE POULTRY.		
Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn., Western, per lb.....	—	@ 13
Chickens, Western.....	—	@ 13
Local, medium to prime	—	@ —
Roosters, old, per lb.....	—	@ —
Turkeys, per lb.....	12	@ 13
Ducks—L. I., N. Y., Penn., per pair.....	80	@ 1 00
Western, per pair.....	70	@ 85
Geese, Western, per pair....	1 12	@ 1 37
Southern, per pair.....	90	@ 1 12
Pigeons, per pair.....	40	@ 55
DRESSED POULTRY—FRESH KILLED.		
Turkeys—Selected hens, lb.	16	@ 17
Mixed weights.....	15	@ 16
Young toms, fair to prime	14	@ 16
Old toms.....	13	@ 14
Chickens—Phila., broilers...	45	@ 50
Fowls—St. and Penn., per lb	13½	@ —
Western, per lb.....	13	@ 13½
Ducks—Jersey, per lb.....	—	@ —
State and Penn., per lb.	—	@ —
Spring, L. I. per lb....	32	@ 35
Geese—Western, per lb.....	6	@ 11
Capons—Phila., extra large	—	@ —
Phila., small to medium..	—	@ —
Western, fair to fancy..	—	@ —
Squabs—Dark, per doz.....	2 50	@ 2 75
POTATOES AND VEGETABLES.		
Potatoes—Jersey, bulk, bbl..	—	@ —
State Rose and Hebron, per 180 lb.	1 00	@ 1 12
State, other kinds, 180 lb.	1 00	@ 1 12
L. I., in bulk, per bbl...	1 25	@ 1 50
Sweet potatoes, Jersey, bbl..	1 50	@ 5 00
Cabbage, L. I. per 100.....	—	@ —
Onions—Connecticut, red, bbl	—	@ —
Orange County, red, bbl.	—	@ —
Orange County, yellow.	—	@ —
Eastern, yellow, per bbl.	—	@ —
Eastern, white, per bbl.	—	@ —
Squash—L. I., marrow, bbl..	—	@ —
L. I., Hubbard, per bbl..	—	@ —
Turnips, Canada, per bbl....	—	@ —
Celery—Fla., per doz. roots.	—	@ —
String beans, Fla., per crate.	1 50	@ 3 50
Lettuce, Southern, per bbl..	1 50	@ 2 00
Tomatoes, Fla., per bush crate.	1 50	@ 2 00
Asparagus, new, doz. bunches	1 25	@ 2 25
LIVE STOCK.		
Beeves.....	3 85	@ 4 75
Milch Cows, com. to good...	20 00	@50 00
Calves, common to prime...	3 50	@ 8 00
Sheep.....	5 00	@ 5 25
Lambs.....	5 00	@ 7 00
Hogs—Live.....	4 90	@ 5 30
Dressed.....	5¾	@ 8
GRAIN, ETC.		
Flour—City Mill Extra.....	4 60	@ 4 75
Patents.....	4 75	@ 4 85
Wheat—No. 2 Red.....	95¾	@ 96¾
Rye—State.....	80	@ 84
Barley—Two-rowed State...	—	@ —
Corn—Ungraded Mixed.....	52	@ 56¾
Oats—No. 1 White.....	—	@ —
Mixed Western.....	35	@ 37½
Hay—Good to Choice.....	80	@ 85
Straw—Long Rye.....	65	@ 70
Lard—City Steam.....	5.95	@ —

BIG WESTERN FLOODS.

Rains and High Water Spread Ruin in Many States.

Farmers Are Appalled by the Remarkable Weather.

Floods, waterspouts, cloudbursts, hurricanes, and fierce thunder and lightning kept a good portion of Illinois in a turmoil for nearly a week. Every stream in the State was swollen, or out of its banks, and scores of towns were cellar-deep in water The rainfall was unprecedented. For four days and four nights the water came in sheets, accompanied by the most deafening thunder and vivid lightning.

Railroads were washed out, buildings moved from their foundations, and cattle drowned by the hundreds. Even in Chicago the water rose to a great depth on the prairie land, carrying away sidewalks and destroying roads.

The greatest damage was reported from the cities along the Illinois River. Seas of water swept over Ottawa, Marseilles, Peru, La Salle and Utica. Boats were used for communication, and their twinkling lights glistening over the unbroken expanse of water added to the appearance of ruin which was all around them.

As the waters rose at Ottawa, Ill., building after building would close down and the employes leave to await the subsiding of the flood. Marseilles, La Salle, and Peru were in an even more desperate condition.

At La Salle, Ill., the manufactories, the water works, street railway and electric light plants were under water.

The same condition prevailed at Peru, and in both cities all business was practically suspended.

At Lacon, Ill., all traffic was suspended. Bridges have been swept away, and trains stopped running on the Rock Island, between Peoria and Bureau. The bottom lands were submerged, and no corn will be raised on thousands of acres.

The great marsh dike, fifteen miles long and protecting a strip of bottom land about two miles wide, gave way at a point opposite Pekin, Ill. The crevasse was about 600 feet wide, and increased rapidly, as the Illinois River reached a stage not exceeded since 1844. From the southern portion of Illinois reports come of tremendous damage and a continuance of storms of rain and wind.

The Mississippi River at Burlington, Iowa, was five miles wide, having overflowed the lowlands. Much damage to crops will result. Trains on the St. Louis, Keokuk and Northwestern were abandoned on account of a flood at Alexandria, Mo. The entire town was under water from two to six feet, and all communication through the streets was by boats or rafts.

At Kansas City conditions were similar to those of 1881, when a most disastrous flood did so much damage in that part of the country. The wet weather so long continued has caused the wheat to rot in the ground, and it is reported by the farmers that the crop will be almost totally ruined.

The heaviest rain for years fell at Oklahoma. East of Orlando there was a cloudburst, causing streams to rise six feet in a few minutes and drowning many cattle. At Oklahoma City the lower part of the city was flooded and much damage done. Near Stillwater three houses and many barns were destroyed by wind. John Crockett was fatally injured, and some stock was killed.

Throughout the northwestern tier of counties in Nebraska a sheet of snow sixteen inches deep covered the ground. At Rushville and Morton it was even worse. In other portions of the State the snow was not quite so deep. Farmers are appalled.

RESULTS OF A LATE SPRING.

Crops Affected by Long Rains and Cold Weather.

The New York Times presents special dispatches from its correspondents in the following twenty-two States in the Union, giving a careful and conservative summary of the acreage, condition, prospects, and probable yield of cotton, corn and wheat: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, Indiana, Nebraska, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Washington, Wisconsin, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Ohio.

These States are the leading ones engaged in the growing of the articles named, and the reports indicate the true condition of crops. The Times says that it is not a cheering prospect.

In some States, at the time the report was made, the cornfields had not even been plowed, while in others very little seed had been planted. Wheat was decidedly backward, except in the Dakotas and Washington, the acreage of cotton less and the field suffering from drought.

The significant fact about the cotton crop is the decrease in acreage. That there is such a decrease is reasonably certain, though opinions differ as to how great it is. Estimates run from ten to fifteen per cent, less in Louisiana to thirty to thirty-five per cent. less in Virginia. The low prices last year left everybody poor. The planters had no money with which to buy fertilizers and supplies, and the merchants and cotton factors were unable to make the usual advances. Drought has seriously affected the crop in some States, in others it is reported to be in excellent condition. The total yield will be less than last year.

Corn has suffered from the late spring in the great corn-growing States, but more particularly from continuous and heavy rains. In some States the plowing, at the time the report was made, was not half done, while in others it has not even been begun. In Indiana not five per cent. of the seed was in the ground, while in Nebraska it will be a week before the plow can be put into the soil, even if it should stop raining. Still, if good weather should come at once, there would be an average acreage and yield. In some States the acreage would be larger than last year.

Of the great wheat-growing States South Dakota is the only one that promises a large crop. The acreage in that State is forty per cent. larger than last year, and it is estimated that the yield per acre will be three per cent. greater. In Minnesota only one-third of the wheat has been sown, and though the acreage is ten per cent. larger than last year, the weeks of cold rain have made the prospects of the harvest far from encouraging. Similar conditions have prevailed in Wisconsin in a less degree, and the outlook for a large crop is not good. Washington has enjoyed good weather, and though North Dakota has had a wet spring, and has an acreage of twenty-five per cent. less than last year, it is confident of a good crop. From Illinois, Kansas and Ohio the reports are not discouraging, though those States have suffered from the spring rains.

CHINA FILES A PROTEST.

Three Reasons for Objecting to the New Exclusion Act.

Toui Kwo Yin, Minister from China, called at the State Department, Washington, after learning that Congress had passed the Chinese Exclusion bill, and said to Assistant Secretary Wharton, through Interpreter Ho, that he desired to file a protest against the bill, and the document reached the department that afternoon. In it the Minister says that he objects to the bill mainly for three reasons.

1. It renews the Scott law of 1888
2. It deprives the Chinese of the right of bail in habeas corpus cases.
3. It requires a registration of Chinese laborers which it is practically impossible for them to comply with. They must all prove by white witnesses that they are lawfully entitled to be in the United States, and as the first Exclusion act was passed in 1882, every Chinaman must produce before the Collector of Internal Revenue a white witness who knew him ten years ago and who can swear that he was in the United States at that time.

The law leaves the issuance of the certificate of registration entirely to the discretion of the revenue officer, and provides no way of compelling him to do justice to the Chinaman. He must register and produce his evidence in the district where he resides. His white witness may be 3000 miles away. Senators who have carefully examined the bill announced in the Senate that its practical effect would be to compel all Chinese laborers to leave the United States within the year fixed for the registration. Senator Sherman, Chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee, said this registration was similar to the slave regulations in force before the Civil War and to the ticket of leave of the Australian convict system.

The Minister says that these features of the bill are in direct violation of the treaty of 1880, which guarantees to Chinese laborers in the United States the treatment of the subjects of the most favored Nations. He further says that the treaty of 1880 was agreed to by China at the express request of the Government of the United States, which sent three of its most distinguished citizens to Peking to ask for it.

SAMOA is reported quiet, and merchants have adopted English, German and American gold and silver coin instead of Chilean.

Pleasures of Memory.

What a blessed thing is memory! How it brings up the pleasures of the past and hides its unpleasantness! You recall your childhood days, do you not, and wish they would return? You remember the pleasant associations, while the unpleasant ones are forgotten. Perhaps to your mind comes the face of some friend. It was once a pale, sad face. It showed marks of pain, lines of care. It seemed to be looking into the hereafter, the unknown future. And then you recall how it brightened, how it recovered its rosy hue, how it became a picture of happiness and joy. Do you remember these things? Many people do, and gladly tell how the health returned, how happiness came back, how the world seemed bright. They tell how they were once weak, nerveless, perhaps in pain, certainly unhappy. They tell of sleepless nights, restless days, untouched food, unstrung nerves. And then they tell how they became happy, healthy and strong once more. You have heard it often in the past have you not? You have heard people describe how they were cured and kept in health? You certainly can remember what it is that has helped people in America. If not, listen to what Mrs. Annie Jenness Miller, who is known universally as the great dress reformer, says: "Six years ago, when suffering from mental care and overwork, I received the most pronounced benefit from the use of that great medicine, Warner's Safe Cure." Ah, now you remember. Now you recall how many people you have heard say this same thing. Now you recollect how much you have heard of this great Cure. Now you are ready to admit that memory is usually pleasing, that the highest pleasure comes from perfect health, and that this great remedy has done more to produce and prolong health than any other discovery ever known in the entire history of the whole world.

The Stiletto Industry.

"The Italian never buys a stiletto," remarked a local police official last Saturday, "but manufactures it at home out of any material that he can lay his hands upon.

"There are two distinct brands of the article, the city and the suburban, the first being made by the gentlemanly member of the Mafia, who resides in town, and the second by his brother, who toils far from the madding crowd. I have about sixty of these pleasing weapons in my collection, and I find that those which were taken at the city police stations are made of old table knives, as a rule, that have been sharpened and ground down to half of their original size.

"The blades are sunk into handles of soft pine, which are wrapped in turn with fine brass wire.

"When the suburban Italian sets out to build one of these pleasing weapons he quietly breaks off